THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office---North Carolinian Bld'g, Main St.
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.50 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $2.00 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.
Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXIV. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1892. NUMBER 11.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BALL CARDS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, BILLS OF FARE, WINE CARDS, LAW CARDS AND POINTS, POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS, DODGERS, STATEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.
In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

The average length of life in Norway is greater than in any other country on the globe.

The total school enrollment for the United States last year was 14,200,000 including universities, private and parochial schools.

The man of brains and energy "longing for a career" has no business leaving a farm nowadays, maintains the American Farmer. He can put all the brains of a Webster or a Napoleon into the development of a 100-acre tract, and find they will yield a rich return.

One of the revelations of the census is that the nursery and floral interests of this country made use of 170,000 acres of land, and employ a capital estimated at $42,000,000. At no former era of the Republic, avers the Boston Cultivator, would the census show such a result as this.

A glacier has been found in southern California. For many years tradition has told of such a phenomenon of nature, and recently an expedition was sent out by the Los Angeles Herald to investigate the matter. The tradition was verified, for upon the upper levels of Grayback Mountain, the greatest of the San Bernardino range, a glacier one mile long, and on the average two hundred feet in depth, was found. The icy mass, according to computation made, moves downwards at the rate of forty-seven feet a year.

Discussing the value of a tree as a schoolmaster, Garden and Forest presents as the first of its lessons that "it teaches man to reserve judgment by showing that the insignificance of a germ is no criterion of the magnitude of its product, that slowness of development is not an index of the scope of growth, and proves to him that the most far-reaching results can be attained by very simple means. A barrel of acorns may be the nucleus of a forest that shall cherish streams to fertilize a desert; a handful of cedar cones may avert an avalanche, while a bushel of pine seed may prevent the depopulation of a great section of country by mountain torrents.

Red Cloud's son, Big Cloud, a young man of twenty-one years, recently passed through St. Louis on his way home to die. He became a hopeless consumptive during his stay at Hampton, and as the rules of that institution forbid any moribund student to remain there the sick brave was despatched without ceremony to South Dakota. Curiously enough, his companions and attendants on the trip were a young bridal couple, Little Bear and Yellow Minnie, who were made one by the chaplain of the school a few weeks ago. The party were all in dire financial straits, and sympathetic passengers on the train raised a purse to lengthen the honeymoon joys of the lovers and to provide a few last luxuries for the dying man.

A new law has just gone into effect in Ohio which, in the opinion of the American Farmer, will tend to increase the profits of sheep-raising by diminishing the loss by worthless dogs. Township Trustees are empowered to pay damages for all sheep killed in the Township. The sheep-owners must present a detailed account of the injuries done their flocks to the Trustees, and the same must be sworn to. The evidence of two witnesses can be taken, and an allowance of fifty cents each be made the witnesses. The Trustees have discretion as to the allowances to be made, and the sum granted, with the witness fee, is reimbursed from the County Treasury. If the amount of the damages could be assessed upon the owners of the dogs in the County, a much happier day would dawn for the persecuted sheep-raiser.

It has been long believed that the Andes would forever remain a barrier between the eastern and the western coast of South America, and that the republics of the continent would upon this account always be isolated as at present. Engineering skill has, however, succeeded in solving this, the most difficult problem ever set for it, and a railway across the Andes is now in process of construction. Heretofore all communication between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of the country has been by means of mule trains, or a long and trying sea voyage around the Horn, both of which were, at certain seasons of the year, dangerous as well as tedious. The new road is to be built as a means of communication between Argentine and Chili, and nearly a hundred miles of track is already open for traffic. Aside from the increased comfort and speed of railway travel there are inducements offered by the new route that no other railway in the world can equal. It passes through one of the most picturesque portions of the southern Andes, and opens up a region of which hitherto little has been known.

Be Patient with the Living.

Sweet friend, when thou and I art gone
Beyond earth's weary labor,
When small shall be our need of grace
From comrade or from neighbor;
Passed all the strife, the toil, the care,
And done with all the sighing—
What tender truth shall we have gained,
Alas! by simply dying?

Then lips too chary of the praise
Will tell our merits over.
And eyes too swift our faults to see
Shall no defect discover;
Then hands that would not lift a stone
When stones were thick to cumber
Our steep hill path will scatter flowers
Above our pillowed slumber.

Sweet friend, perchance both you and I,
Ere love is past forgiving,
Should take the earnest lesson home—
Be patient with the living!
Today's repressed rebuke may save
Our blinding tears tomorrow;
Then patience e'en when keenest edge
May whet a nameless sorrow.

'Tis easy to be gentle when
Death silence shames our clamor,
And easy to discern the best
Through memory's mystic glamour;
But wise it were for thee and me,
Ere love is past forgiving,
To take the tender lesson home—
Be patient with the living!

—[Good Cheer.

A BOX OF CHOCOLATES.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

"Why," cried Eleanor Goode, "It's a perfect palace?"

"Isn't it?" echoed Miriam Kasson. "I wish, dear, I could ask you to stay and spend the day, but I dare not; I'm too much of a stranger here to take any liberties."

"Oh, I shouldn't expect it!" said Eleanor, looking around at the decorated ceilings, pale blue silk draperies and lovely bits of landscape on the walls. "I know exactly how you're situated, Milly. But can't you come shopping with me? Bob has given me a five-dollar-bill to buy a new gown with, and there are some of the sweetest old-blue ginghams at Tuck & Nipp's."

Miss Kasson shook her head.

"Impossible!" said she. "You see the family have gone to Barrington to a funeral, and I am left in charge. And you don't know," she added with a comical little pursing up of the lips, "how afraid I am of Mrs. Yerkes, the housekeeper, or how my heart beats when I feel myself compelled to give an order to the butler."

"I wish I were you!" cried Eleanor. "It would be such fun!"

"One hardly knows," sighed Miriam, "whether one is a lady or a servant!"

"Oh, there can't be much doubt of that!" said Eleanor. "Look at yourself in the mirror, dear. Wouldn't you say that you beheld a princess in disguise?"

"Nonsense! But at least let me get you a glass of cool water, Nell; you look so flushed with your long walk."

She slipped away, while Eleanor beguiled the time of her absence by a lengthened survey of herself in the mirror.

Yes, it was no unsatisfactory view—a dimpled, rosy young Venus, with sparkling hazel eyes, red lips and a complexion of purest pink and white. And then— Good gracious! one of the ribbon loops of her airy summer dress had come loose. She looked frantically around for a pin to repair damages; but no pin was to be seen.

"They're in the bureau drawer," said she to herself. "Milly always was too distressingly neat for anything. Oh, here they are!" grasping at a paper of pins. "And here, too—oh, the delicious little glutton!—here's a box of chocolate caramels, tied with pink ribbon. I'll teach her to hide her sweeties away from me! How she will stare when she finds them gone!"

It was the act of a moment to whisk the bonbon box into her little shopping-bag, and appear deeply absorbed in repairing the damages to her wardrobe, when Miss Casson came in, bringing a glass of water and some fancy crackers, on a small Japanese tray.

By the time she reached the famous emporium of Messrs. Tuck & Nipp, the "bargains" in old-blue ginghams were gone, and nothing remained "fit to be seen" at any price to which she could venture to aspire, and so she betook herself sorrowfully to the pretty flat which she called home.

And none too soon; for a telegram awaited her there, announcing that her mother, in Orange County, was very ill, and it was necessary for her to go thither at once.

At the end of two weeks she brought her mother home, nearly recovered.

Little Sarah, the youngest sister, received her joyfully.

"It's been so lonesome without you, Nell," said she. "I've kept house beautifully, only Biddy has scorched the oatmeal every morning and the coffee hasn't tasted just right, and Bob has been so busy he couldn't find time to go walking with me."

"Busy!" satirically echoed Eleanor.

"Oh, but he really was! He's got a real case, Bob has; and it's awful interesting, too. The judge assigned it to him because the defendant—I think that's the proper law phrase," with a pretty little wrinkling of the eyebrows—"hadn't any means to provide one for herself. And she's ever so pretty, Bob says, and he's quite sure she isn't guilty; and wouldn't it be strange," nestling her curly head against her mother's shoulder, "if Bob should fall in love with his first client?"

Eleanor looked distressed.

"Mother," said she, "didn't I tell you what would come of your allowing Sarah to read so many novels? In love, indeed! Most likely the woman is an adventuress."

"All the same," persisted Sarah, "Bob says it's a very interesting case, and it's in all the papers headed, 'The Great Diamond Robbery.'"

"The child has been reading those horrid daily papers, too!" groaned Eleanor.

"And it has advertised Bob more than a dozen ordinary title cases, or breaches of contract, or that sort of thing," insisted Sarah. "He says so himself."

"Well, I declare!" said Mrs. Goode, who shared the romantic proclivities of her young daughter. "A diamond robbery and a beautiful girl! Of course she didn't do it."

"Oh," cried Eleanor, impatiently, stamping her foot, "how impracticable you all are! Why shouldn't she be guilty? Can't a pretty girl be wicked as well as a plain one? As if looks mattered! But all the same, I'm glad Bob has had a good opening in the courts. And now, mamma, you must have a cup of tea, and lie down awhile before dinner."

"I'd wager my existence," said Mr. Robert Goode, making a desperate attack on the cold ham and radishes that garnished the breakfast table, "that she's innocent. Only, here comes up this question: Where are the jewels?"

"Yes," said Eleanor, incredulously, "that's the very question—where are the jewels? How you men are dazzled by a pair of bright eyes!"

Mr. Goode had given his sister a long account of the legal tangle, complicating it still further by learned technicalities and a ceaseless repetition of "my client," "the defendant" and "the complainant," to all of which she had given but a half attention, and at the end of the meal she rose hurriedly.

"I'll go out for a little," said she. "I want to see a dear friend of mine, who must think I'm neglecting her shockingly."

And in the soft July sunset she went to the big house on Fifty-seventh street, and timidly pressing the electric button, inquired for Miss Kasson.

The tall butler froze her with a glance.

"Ain't been 'ere for a long time," said he, and shut the door unceremoniously in her face.

And she returned home in great amazement.

In her absence Mr. Robert Goode had been "turning the place upside down," as little Sarah expressed it, in search of a bag to carry his papers in.

"The lock of mine is out of order," said he, "and I can't get it back until Wednesday. Any one of your bags will do. Nonsense! Do you think I want a Saratoga trunk?" as Sarah produced her mother's travelling case. "Or a doll baby's satchel?" as she reached down her own from the top shelf. "Is this all you have got?"

"There's Nell's shopping bag," said the little girl. "It's littler than mother's and bigger than mine."

"Get it then—quick! there's a dear little dot! Oh, don't stop to dust it!"

"But I must," plead the housewifely little thing. "It was on top of the wardrobe, where Nell put it before she went to Orange county to brother home. And its—aw-fully dusty! And I think there's something in it, too."

She was fumbling at the catch, when Robert caught it from her.

"Pshaw!" said he, impatiently. "A box of candy!"

He tore the pink ribbon knot apart, the lid dropped off, and little Sarah, standing on tiptoe to look into the bag, stepped back with a shriek. Something from the inside seemed to flash up into their eyes like imprisoned fire.

At the same time Eleanor came into the room, flinging her hat and scarf wearily down.

"So," cried Robert, looking up with a face which would have furnished a study to any physiognomist, "you are the one who stole the Grafton diamonds!"

"I? The Grafton diamonds?" What do you mean, Bob? Have you gone crazy?" gasped Eleanor. "Where did you get those jewels? What are you doing in my room?"

"We found the diamonds here in a box in your leather bag," said her brother. "The diamond necklace for the theft of which poor Miss Kasson is on trial!"

"Miss—Kasson! You never mean that it is Miriam Kasson—my friend, Miriam."

"Didn't I tell you so this very day?" cried Goode.

"You never mentioned her name at all. You kept saying my 'client'—'the defendant.' But, oh Bob, I know it all now! I was there—at the big house on Fifty-seventh street, the day before I went to Orange-County for mother. I was in Miriam's room, and I opened her bureau drawer to find a pin, and I thought it would be a joke to take her box of candy away. I never opened it. I never dreamed what was in it, and when I got home and found the telegram from Aunt Laura, I just flung the bag down and thought no more of the whole thing. Oh, poor, poor, darling Milly! But how came the diamonds in her possession?"

"Don't you know? But how should you?" said Mr. Goode. "The necklace was put in her special charge to be delivered to the jeweler who was to call for it at three o'clock. And when he called, it was gone. But it's all right now. Great Scott! Nell! who would suppose that you were the thief?"

Eleanor made a hysteric grasp at her brother's arm.

"Will they arrest me, Bob?" stammered she. "Will they put me in prison? But I don't care, so long as Milly is no longer unjustly suspected. Yes, I am a thief! But—but I didn't know it. And I never meant it!"

And she burst into a storm of mingled tears and laughter.

There was a rather unusual scene in court that day when the necklace itself was presented in evidence before the legal luminaries.

The complaint was withdrawn, the prisoner was honorably discharged. The composed and aristocratic Mrs. General Grafton was greatly moved, and made many apologies to Miss Kasson for the position she had taken.

The newspaper reporters got a great many "points" for the evening editions, and Mr. Goode, the "rising young lawyer," left court, with Miss Kasson leaning on his arm, amid a tempest of applause.

"Lucky dog, that!" said his compeers. "After this his fortune is made!"

"And all because of my foolish little practical joke," said Eleanor. "After this, I never shall want to look at a chocolate again. But, Milly, darling, why didn't you to send to me in your trouble?"

"Could I bear to have my dearest friend know that I was suspected of theft?" sighed Miriam. "And when I knew the name of the counsel assigned to me by the court, my lips were more tightly sealed than ever. Oh, Nell, he has been so good—so noble! He has never doubted me for a moment, even when appearances were most against me! No, I shall not go back to Mrs. Grafton's, although she has begged me to do so."

"You will come home with me," said Eleanor, caressingly. "Yes, you must—you shall!"

"I will stay with you," she said, "until I get another situation."

But she never took another situation. Any one could have guessed the outcome of it all. Even little Sarah guessed it, when she said:

"I do believe that our Bob has fallen in love with Miss Kasson!"

Ships That are Lost.

It has, to many persons, been an interesting speculation as to the aspect of the countless wrecks which have been swallowed up by the North Atlantic since the churn of waters has been ploughed by the keels of ships. Their number is probably to be reckoned by the tens of thousands, and the greater part of them lie in a comparatively small part of that field. If we count this portion of the Atlantic which is most peopled with wrecks as having an area of 3,000,000 square miles, and estimate the total number of such ruins within this space as 30,000, we would have an average of one sunken ship for each hundred square miles of surface. If all these crafts were at once sailing over the surface of the sea we should, from the deck of any one of them, be likely to note the masts of several others. But as they lie on the floor of the ocean the greater part of them are probably reduced to low mounds of rubbish, so that if the ocean floor were converted into dry ground, and we crossed it in a railway, seeing the fields as we do the prairies, it would require an attentive eye to discern the existence of many of these remains.—[Scribner.

Buying Eggs by Weight.

An important reform in methods of buying and selling eggs has been adopted by some Western dealers who are purchasing for the English markets. They buy by weight and refuse all that do not come up to a certain standard. Of course this way of doing business throws out a large proportion of eggs as culls because they are under weight. Doubtless in time selling by weight will be the rule here, as it long ago should have been. It is the only way that is just to both buyer and seller.—[Boston Cultivator.

Horse-Feeding Experiments.

Prof. J. W. Sanborn, in a bulletin recently issued by the Utah Experiment Station, reports the results of a feeding trial with horses which are of interest to all horsemen. It is a common belief with horsemen that when grain, especially meal, and more especially such meal as cornmeal, is fed to horses alone or mixed with hay, it tends to compact in the stomach and produce indigestion. Prof. Sanford fed two lots of horses for nearly three months, one with hay and grain mixed, the other with hay and grain separately. At the end of this period the food was reversed, and the horses were fed some two months more. It was found that horses showed no disadvantage by the division of the hay and grain into separate feeds, overfeeding hay mixed with grain. Indeed, in this trial he found a disadvantage for the horses on the hay and grain mixed, they not maintaining their weight as well. The author ascribed this result to the fact that the timothy hay when cut fine with its sharp solid ends irritated and made sore the mouths of the horses, and possibly induced too rapid eating, as when the hay and grain were moist they would be more likely to eat more rapidly than when fed dry.

The second trial covered feeding cut against whole hay to horses. This trial also covered two periods in which the foods were reversed with the sets in order to determine whether the change of weights found was due to the individualism of the horses. This trial was decisively in favor of the cut hay. The difference in weight of the horses was 115 pounds in favor of cut clover for the four months and a half covered by this period. The food fed was clover, and the author points out the fact that clover hay and lucern, unlike timothy hay, do not present sharp, solid, cutting edges. The results are decisive and in accord with those of a trial made by the Indiana Experiment Station with cattle.

An Illiterate Man's Bargain.

During the recent high water, when the flooding of the bottom lands along the Missouri was the topic of conversation with every one, a party of gentlemen were seated around a comfortable fire in an Independence office telling stories of flood and fish. One, a noted jurist, told this, which he claims is "Gospel fact":

It was during the flood of 1881, when so much of the bottom lands were "out of sight," and a lean and lank Kansan, the sole proprietor of an eighty-acre plat, stood on a mound surveying the great lake covering his real-estate possessions, and, disgusted, swore to sell, trade, or give away every rod of that "dod-blasted bottom."

The opportunity soon came. Passing along the highway, this Kansan met another leading a calf, but still the Kansan smelt trade. To the owner of the calf he advanced and the following dialogue took place:

"Stranger, want er trade?"

"Wall, I might; what yer got?"

"Well, I'll give you a clean deed to forty acres of Kaw bottom land fer that ar calf."

"I'll take yer up."

The papers were drawn up and the calf was delivered, and soon after the Kansan told the story to a friend with this remark: "When I l'arned that the 'tother fellow warn't able to read, I worked the whole eighty off on him, by golly!"—[Kansas City Times.

Ungrammatical, But to the Point.

There are strange chambermaids at Shepherd's Hotel in Cairo, Egypt. A lady declared that the one who waited on her room and attended to all the duties of the calling, even to making the beds, was a Frenchman, dressed as if for a dinner party, with white waistcoat and dresscoat, and having the air of a refined and educated gentleman. It was really embarassing to accept his services in such a capacity. One lady, on arriving at the hotel, rang for the chambermaid, and this gentleman presented himself. Supposing him to be the proprietor at the very least, she said:

"I wish to see the chambermaid."

"Madame," said he, politely, in the very best English he could master, "Madame, she am I!"

The Expression "Hand and Seal."

The expression "hand and seal," which occurs so frequently in legal documents, is a reminder of the time when few men were able to write even their own names. Scores of old English and French deeds are extant, some of them executed by kings and noblemen, in which the signature is a hand dipped in ink, the seal being afterward appended, together with the sign of the cross, the name of the man executing the deed being written by another hand. Dipping the entire hand in ink was, however, inconvenient and dirty, and later the thumb was substituted. The seal continued to be used, and though now it has become only a formality, legal practice has in many cases pronounced its employment indispensable.

LATER NEWS.

THE threatened proceedings by the strikers at Homestead, Penn., against the officers of the Carnegie Company were taken. Warrants were issued for H. C. Frick, Chairman; T. F. Lovejoy, Secretary; H. M. Curry, Treasurer; J. G. H. Leishman, Vice-Chairman, and others, their subordinates. Each of these appeared by counsel, pleaded not guilty to the charge of murder brought against them, and were liberated in $10,000 bail.

THE statue of John P. Hale, presented to the State of New Hampshire by Senator William E. Chandler, was unveiled in the State House yard at Concord. There was a large concourse of people present.

THE Democrats of Minnesota met at Minneapolis and nominated a State ticket headed by Daniel Y. Lawler for Governor.

THOMAS E. DAVIS, of Taylor County, was nominated for Governor by the West Virginia Republican State Convention at Huntington by acclamation after the first ballot.

THE North Dakota Republican State Convention at Fargo renominated Congressman Johnson for Congress by acclamation. Governor Burke was placed in nomination for Governor.

AT Goodland, Indian Territory, Martin Holmes was shot and killed by John Bohanan in the court-room. Holmes married Bohanan's daughter and killed her about one month ago in a fit of jealousy. Bohanan was not arrested.

CHIEF JUSTICE JAMES O'BRIEN, of the New Mexico Supreme Court, tendered his resignation to the President, to take effect September 1.

THE "Peace Committee," appointed to arrange a settlement of the World's Fair fight, reached an agreement to vote a donation of $2,500,000 to the Chicago Exposition.

AT Swinemude, Pomerania, eight persons have been drowned by the foundering of two fishing smacks.

SIXTY THOUSAND acres of forest in the district adjoining Frankfort-on-the-Oder, in Germany, have been swept by fire and the trees charred or destroyed.

DON M. DICKINSON was chosen Chairman of the Democratic National Campaign Committee in New York City.

THE dead bodies of Andrew J. Borden and his wife were discovered by their daughter in their home at Fall River, Mass. The couple, who were wealthy, had been murdered and their bodies had been horribly mutilated, as if with an axe or a cleaver. There was no clue to the assassin.

CHARLES STOCKIN and his son, Charles Jr., were drowned in the Niagara River at Buffalo, N. Y. They were fishing, when the boy slipped and fell into the water. The father, who held the local championship swimming medal, plunged in after his son, but being handicapped with his clothing and a swift current was unable to reach the boy, or return to the shore.

THE Watterson Club House at Louisville, Ky., was dedicated; Adlai E. Stevenson, Democratic candidate for Vice-President, made the delication speech.

THE Nebraska Independent State Convention at Kearney nominated ex-United States Senator Charles A. Van Wyck for Governor.

FRANK MACKIN, Superintendent of the large tanning establishment in the penitentary at Jefferson City, Mo., was murdered by a colored convict named Jack Brown. The convict was armed with a heavy shoe knife.

THE President has approved the act granting certain public lands to the State of Minnesota for perpetual use as a public park.

THE Russian famine is regarded officially as over. Tolstoi is sojourning at Raizan, to wind up his famine labors and adjust his accounts.

THE British are said to have seized upon Pago Pago Harbor, Samoa, as a coaling station. This harbor was formerly used by Americans as a boating depot, but with the loss of their ships in Apia in the hurricane of 1889, its use has been discontinued. England seems to intend to use it for the same purpose.

THE new British Parliament was opened; Mr. Peel was again chosen Speaker of the House, Mr. Gladstone seconding the motion for his re-election; John Morley was made Chief Secretary for Ireland.

THE town of Rzecza, in Volhynia, Russia, was set on fire in four places during the night and completely destroyed, fourteen persons being killed, sixteen seriously injured and two thousand rendered homeless.

THREE ARCTIC CRUSOES.

The Order Closing Bering Sea Virtually Means Death to Them.

Three white men, Fred Burns, John Palsford and a man known only as "Frenchy" have been left to spend an Arctic winter on a desolate island, with scanty provisions and absolutely without fuel. That they are in such terrible plight is mainly due to the rigid enforcement of the orders closing Bering Sea against seal hunters.

Just a year ago these men were put ashore on St. Matthew's Island far up in Bering Sea, from the sealing schooner, Mattie Dyer, from San Francisco, Cal. They assisted in building a rude hut and were given a year's supply of food and wood, and seventy pounds of powder was left with them. The plan was for them to hunt and skin polar bears and blue faces until this season, when the Dyer was to remove them.

The schooner arrived at San Francisco a few days ago without the three hunters. Captain Macklar stated that he dared not venture into Bering Sea for fear of seizure, and had been able to make no provision for the relief of the men on the island. Two parties of Indian hunters left there in previous seasons under similar conditions were devoured by polar bears.

SIX BOYS DROWNED.

Their Skiff Was Overturned and All Sank to Death.

Six boys, who had secured a skiff and gone bathing in the Kentucky River, were drowned a few days ago by the overturning of their boat.

The accident took place near Winchester, Ky. The larger boys undressed and went in the water, while the younger, who were unable to swim, remained in the skiff. The boys amused themselves by diving from the boat and climbing back into it. While two of them were clambering up the side together the boat was upset and the younger boys were thrown out. The survivors were thrown into a panic, and though the older ones made brave attempts at rescue they were unable to right the boat, and becoming exhausted, sank one after another before aid could be sent to them.

VAST zinc discoveries have been made on the Ouashita River, near the oil wells, not far from Denison, Texas.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

WE have 512,500 telephones.

RAIN delayed Southern crops.

UNCLE SAM has 78,034 paupers.

IRRIGATION spreads in the West.

THE cholera is abating in Russia.

THE crop prospects in Canada are good.

THE Illinois militia have a bicycle corps.

GRASSHOPPERS have appeared in Arizona.

THERE is a great scarcity of binding twine.

THE religious war in Africa is becoming worse.

A GENERAL expansion of trade has developed itself.

CALIFORNIA is the banner State for artesian wells.

NORTHERN Mexico is again confronted by a total crop failure.

THERE is a short grain crop in Oregon, Washington and Kansas.

AT Moscow, Russia, 600 children died within a week of an intestinal disease.

TRAIN loads of Kansas and Nebraska corn are being sold in Mexico for $3 a bushel.

THE acreage of watermelons at the South is twenty five per cent. less this year than last.

A MILLION dollar shortage has been discovered in the State accounts of Pueblo, Mexico.

THIRTY sardine factories in Maine are closed because there is no run of suitable sized fish to pack.

THE probabilities are that there will be a general improvement in business up until late in the autumn.

ANOTHER Revolutionary movement is growing in Cuba against the government of that island by Spain.

ANOTHER big crop year is on its way, and the estimated aggregate of wheat this year is 575,000,000 bushels, against 612,000,000 last year.

AN English syndicate has purchased for $1,250,000 an extensive tract near Laramie, Wyoming, upon which a Scottish colony will settle.

THE Georgia Railroad Commission has raised the valuation of the roads in that State for taxable purposes from $18,00[illegible],000 to $47,000,000.

THE North Carolina Railway Commission completed the table, showing the various railway lines. There are seventy of these, and the total length is 3548 miles.

THE San Francisco peak, near Flagstaff, Arizona, is attracting much attention this summer, and a trail has recently been completed to the top, where one can sleep on a bed of violets, and then go up a short distance and walk on six feet of snow for a change.

THE annual statement of the Pension agent at Knoxville, Tenn., shows that there were 46,302 pensioners on the list June 30th last. Of this number there were twenty-four men of the War of 1812 and 1312 widows. There 4412 Mexican veterans and 2628 widows. There are fifteen widows of the Revolution in the United States who draw pensions. Of this number seven are on the Knoxville rolls.

THERE are 3643 policemen in New York City, an increase of 1122 since 1884, an increase justified by the gain in population. Last year 90,124 persons were arrested, 18,912 of whom were females. There were 3429 persons arrested for violations of the excise law, a decrease of 1313 as compared with the preceding year. The value of lost property restored to owners was over $1,000,000. There were 203 dead bodies taken to the morgue.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

EDISON has patented 600 inventions.

THE Bulgarian Prime Minister, M. Stambuloff, began life as a barkeeper.

BALFOUR, the Tory First Lord of the British Treasury, is forty-five years old.

BISHOP MESSMER, of Green Bay, Wis., is one of the few Catholic clergymen who wear a beard.

MR. NICHOLS, the husband of "Charlotte Bronte," is still living, it is reported, in a remote part of Ireland.

OLIVE SCHREINER, who wrote the "Story of an African Farm," received only $65 for that successful production.

JOHN M. CORNS, surnamed "Honest John," has been Mayor of Ironton, Ohio, for twenty-two successive years.

M. HERMAN BEMBERG, the composer of "Elaine," the new and successful opera, is an American, and only thirty years of age.

THE late Jules Lebundy, the great Paris sugar refiner, left a fortune equal to $70,000,000, probably the largest fortune in France.

B. P. HUTCHINSON, "Old Hutch," the one time king of the Chicago Board of Trade, has opened a petty second-hand store in New York City.

SIGNOR GIOLITTI, the new Italian Premier, dislikes society and avoids it. He is plain in his ways and brusque and short in his manner.

MRS. OLE BULL, widow of the great violinist, makes her home in Boston with her Brother Jo, who married one of the poet Longfellow's daughters.

JAMES B. CAVANAUGH, who led his class at West Point Military Academy, is an Illinois boy. He is a star rider, a good football player, and fences with skill.

EX-PRESIDENT PALACIO, of Venezuela, has arrived in France with his family. It is reported that he had sent the snug little sum of $15,000,000 ahead of him.

THE late Rose Terry Cooke, with all her power and reputation as a writer, was not able, it is said, to make much more than mere pin money out of her literary labors.

DR. TALMAGE has been personally received by the Czar of Russia, who, through him, extended thanks to the American people for their aid to the sufferers by famine.

THE favorite tipple of General Weaver, the Presidential nominee of the People's party, is buttermilk sweetened with sugar, of which he often drinks two goblets, one after the other.

ALDERMAN CALDWELLS, the man who defeated Henry M. Stanley for the British Parliament in North Lambeth recently, began life as a gardener's boy and subsequently worked as a tailor.

NOMENCLATURE books give Shiras—the name of the new Supreme Court Justice—as derived from the old governmental word shire—from which sheriff, the shire-reeve. Shiras is a lord of the shire.

THE Rev. Dr. W. H. Milburn, the blind preacher and Chaplain of the House of Representatives, is spending the summer in England. One of his most popular lectures has been: "What a Blind Man Saw in England."

NATIONAL FINANCES.

A Decrease of $1,197,815 in the Public Debt.

The fiscal operations of the Government during last month, as shown by the monthly public debt and revenue statements, present gratifying results for the first month of the current fiscal year. There was a net decrease of $1,197,815 in the public debt, and an increase during the last month, compared with July, 1891, of a quarter of a million in receipts and a decrease of $2,500,000 in expenditures. The public debt statement shows an increase during the last month of $1059 in the bonded indebtedness, a decrease of $849,956 in the non-interest-bearing debt, and an increase of $857,969 in the surplus cash in the Treasury. The surplus in the Treasury, including the $100,000,000 gold greenback redemption fund, aggregates $127,059,286. The total debt less surplus cash in the Treasury, amounts to $840,228,648; made up of $585,030,380 in bonded and $255,198,264 in non-interest bearing debt. Government receipts during last month amounted to $34,571,356, against $34,300,344 in July, 1891. The expenditures were $37,240,407, against $39,798,911 in July a year ago.

ST. LOUIS has no notion of "putting up the shutters." She is going to build two new million-dollar hotels.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

CAPTAIN TEBEAU, of Cleveland, is lame.

GORE is playing with the St. Louis team.

IN Clausen the Louisvilles have a good pitcher.

THE Cincinnatis miss the services of Pitcher Mullane.

BASSETT is now playing a great game at third for Louisville.

FITCHER HEMMING is making a good record in the Louisville team.

RHODE ISLAND is the only Eastern State in which they allow Sunday baseball.

THE Boston Club has signed Lake as catcher. He did good work for Kansas City.

BUFFINTON is pitching for an amateur team, it is reported, under the name of Brown.

STIVETTS, of Boston, and Sanders, of the Louisvilles, are giant pitchers, resembling each other considerably in build.

THERE seems to be a tendency to do away with non-playing managers in the League. Chapman, of Louisville, is the last to retire from the arena.

IF there is any one thing that hurts baseball it is the unjust criticism of an umpire on the part of spectators who do not know what they are kicking about.

WASHINGTON didn't finish in the first division, but she beat out New York and Chicago, which is the first time Washington has done anything of the sort.

CAPTAIN JOHN M. WARD, of Brooklyn, is noted for his courtesy on the ball field and for the moderation with which he accepts "rank" decisions of the umpire.

CHICAGO has released Shortstop Cooney and Washington has signed him. This enables Manager Irwin to put Richardson back to second base, where he is needed.

ONE by one the old guard, which for seasons maintained the honor of New York upon the diamond, are drifting to other clubs, and their places are being filled by recruits from the minor leagues.

MANAGER POWERS, of New York, has signed McMahon, formerly catcher of the Kansas City Club. The New Yorks are playing a strong game now that the club has been reorganized and new blood instilled into the old carcass.

KNOWLES, of the Providences (R. I.) Club, in an exciting game at Binghamton, N. Y., struck Catcher Wilson, of the Binghamtons, in the face as the former was making the run. It took twenty policemen to save Knowles from the vengeance of the spectators.

COMISKEY certainly appears to be entitled to much credit for the good work of the Cincinnatis. He took practically the same team that for years past has shed gloom over that city, added some strength and by his generalship brought them up to fourth place.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Clevelnd..	78	5	.722	Cincinnati	9	9	.500
Brooklyn..	12	6	.667	Pittsburg.	7	10	412
Boston.....	11	6	.647	Chicago...	7	10	412
New York	10	6	.625	Washingt'n	7	11	389
Baltimore..	9	8	.529	Louisville.	6	12	333
Philad'lp'a.	9	8	.529	St. Louis.	4	13	235

THE CORONER'S INQUEST.

A Verdict Recommending Homestead Rioters to the Grand Jury.

The inquest into the deaths resulting from the riots at Homestead, Penn., was concluded at Pittsburg before Coroner McDowell. The jury was out about an hour before their verdict was returned. There were no witnesses examined, the only matter being the charge of the Coroner.

At 4:40 o'clock the verdict was rendered. The return in the cases of the seven strikers who were killed reads almost alike with each one. That on the death of John Wann states that he came to his death while in the company of others in unlawful assembly upon the property of Carnegie, Phipps & Co.'s steel works, Mifflin township, to prevent the landing of two model barges loaded with Pinkerton guards to protect the said property, and he being struck by a missile from a cannon, which had been taken by said unlawful assembly to the Pittsburg side of the Monongahela River and discharged by them, striking and instantly killing the said Silas Wann, and we recommend that said unlawful assembly be certified to the September sessions of the Grand Jury.

In the cases of the three Pinkerton men similar returns were made in each.

That on the death of T. J. Conners states that it was caused from shock and exhaustion, due to a gunshot wound in the right arm, he being shot by a ball from an unlawful assemblage, and "that said shooting was done by a party or parties unknown, with felonious intent, and we recommend that such unlawful assemblage be certified to the September sessions of the Grand Jury."

No attempt was made by the jury in any of the ten cases to designate the persons by whom the fatal shots were fired, further than to declare that there was an unlawful assemblage on the Carnegie property, which led to a battle.

A SUDDEN FLOOD.

Three Persons Killed and Many Injured at St. Paul.

A sudden flood at St. Paul, Minn., besides doing great damage to property, caused the death of three people and the fatally wounding of a number of others.

The killed were: Mrs. August Adams, Mrs. J. Horn, William Erciger.

The fatally injured were: Philip Stroecher and five-year-old son, August Adams, Frederick Kreiger, Paul Keuk, Henry Ludwig, John Wilich.

The accident was the result of the late heavy rains. Upon the hillside above Page street was a deep gully, the natural outlet of the water from the country above. A year ago Page street had been filled up across this gully, leaving a small culvert to carry off the ordinary water. This culvert had long ago been choked up, and the recent storm had filled the deep basin to the brim, making a lake two acres in extent and forty-five feet deep.

A crack three inches wide appeared on the lower side of the fill, but no one thought of any danger. Suddenly the fill let go, and the body of water swept down upon the low land below. In ten minutes the whole thing was over. A general alarm of fire was sounded, and all the ambulance and patrol wagons in the city were on the scene. Men, women and children were fished out of the debris for nearly half a mile. To add to the horror of the scene the water had carried away the gas pipes and left everything in darkness. The loss to property will amount to $50,000.

A MONTE CRISTO TRAIN.

Thirty Million Dollars in Gold Starts East From California.

At the time of the Chilean scare the United States Sub-Treasury in San Francisco, Cal., contained $80,000,000 in gold coin. The Government feared it might be seized and determined to transfer it to Washington.

The greatest secrecy was observed. For two weeks secret service and postal employes have been assembling there. When everything was prepared $30,000,000 in gold, packed in square boxes, were loaded on a special treasure train bound for Washington.

There were five strong cars specially equipped. Over one hundred guards, armed with Winchesters, accompanied the treasure. Great secrecy was observed. They undoubtedly feared train robbers.

CLAY C. CLOUGH, of Boston, Mass., has come into $25,000 by the will of Hereford Drummond, of London. About a year ago, in Halifax, Nova Scotia, Mr. Clough, at the risk of his life, stopped a pair of runaway horses attached to a carriage in which were Mr. Drummond and his only daughter. The gentleman wanted to show his gratitude in some substantial way, but Mr. Clough declined a reward.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

FOR PRESIDENT:
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
Of Indiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
WHITELAW REID,
Of New York.

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT:
CHARLES C. POOL,
Of Pasquotank.

A DISGRACEFUL SPECTACLE.

Ex-Speaker Reed the other day made short and decisive work of the cowardice and hypocracy of the Holman humbugs in Congress. His words were not many, but they were characteristically sharp. "With a democratic majority of more than 140," said he, "of which Mr. Holman is titular leader, the House of Representatives has stopped the business of this government," and he went on to show that the miserable pretense that the World's Fair appropriation was not properly part of the Sundry Civil bill, which is the basis of Mr. Holman's claim for opposing it, could not fairly be urged, inasmuch as every democrat in the Senate had concurred in it, and a majority of the House had voted that it should be there. Altogether, the ex-Speaker tore the mask from the Holman humbugs and left them not a shred behind which to hide their selfish, unpatriotic and unjustifiable fight against majority rule in the House.

It is truly a disgusting position for the Nation to be placed in before the eyes of the world, and the political party and the district responsible for the presence in Congress of such men as Holman are jointly responsible for it. Even the New York "World" is compelled to declare that it is "a shameful condition of affairs" and that those who oppose the Fair appropriation by "unworthy methods of filibustering" are taking votes from the Democratic national ticket. The "World" calls on the democratic filibusters "to bow manfully and cheerfully to the expressed will of the majority," as delay is dangerous, but it mistakes the men and the party to whom it makes the appeal, for they only know only how to fight as guerillas, and have very little manhood about them.

FIGURES THAT TESTIFY.

During the last year of President Cleveland's administration our exports were less than our imports—the balance of trade was against us to the extent of $28,008,607.

During the past year, under President Harrison and the McKinley act we have sold to other nations $202,944,607 worth of merchandise more than we have bought. The balance of trade is thus handsomely on our side.

That our exports are so much increased, that the proportion of free imports is greater than ever before, that competitive imports have largely decreased—for these things the nation must thank the Republican policy of Protection and Reciprocity.

WORKMEN WANTED.

Advices from the far Western States are that from two hundred to four hundred farm laborers are needed in every county in South Dakota east of the Missouri River, about ten thousand in all. Southern Minnesota and North Dakota also ask for laborers on their farms.

It is estimated that 40,000 of them will be needed to harvest the immense grain crop of the Northwest. The United States is the only country in the world where there is a cry for men to go to work. It is an unique distinction. In all other countries the cry is for work. Yet free trade calamity howlers say that protection is the ruination of the land.

The "Force-bill shivers" is what ails the average Democratic alarmist nowadays. It is a harmless disorder, being a sort of cross between stage fright and St. Vitus dance.

Mr. Blaine is going to go on the stump for Harrison and Reid. Wood cuts of his sulking in his tent can now be purchased cheap of the leading Democratic organs.

The American people will not give up Protection. They think too much of their workshops, their homes, their families and their industrial independence.

"Reciprocity" is the one word which Confucius, the great Chinese philosopher, said expressed the duty of man to man.

Representative Cobb denies that he was drunk. People who expected COBB to acknowledge the CORN are disapointed.

President Harrison has promptly signed the bill prepared by the Labor Unions providing for an eight hour day on Government work.

Representative Watson's neighbors in the House will probably take gloves in the future.

STATE CONVENTION

In another column will be found Chairman Eaves' official call for a State Convention. It will be seen that the question whether or not a State ticket shall be nominated is left for the decision of the Convention. Taking it for granted that the Peoples' Party will put a State ticket in the field, the CAROLINIAN is clearly of the opinion that the Republican policy is to make the fight entirely on National issues for Congress and President. Pursuing this course, leaving the contest on State issues to be fought out by the two other parties, we can secure the electoral vote for Harrison and gain several Congressmen. Believing this, and the reasons for the belief are many and strong, the CAROLINIAN feels that it would fail in its duty to the party not to urge that no State ticket be nominated. But in doing this let it be clearly understood that it does not endorse the action of Mott and Harris—their raving abuse and attempted dictation. The CAROLINIAN will loyally support the action of the Convention, but its earnest hope is that *no mistake* will be made.

WOULD BE READ OUT.

It doesn't matter that Jefferson, Madison and Jackson all believed in the principle of protective tariff, they are back numbers, every one of them, and if they were alive and preaching tariff to day they would be read out of the Democratic party so quick it would make their heads swim. It is another doctor that is handing out the doctrine for the Democracy nowadays. The mixture is free trade, and while it is just about as palatable to the patients as Mr. Squeer's doses of treacle and sulphur were to the lads at Dotheboy's Hall, the penalty for refusing to take it will be relatively as severe as that administered to refractory boys at that celebrated institution.

THE ALABAMA ELECTION.

Capt. Kolb, the Peoples' Party candidate for Governor, insists that he has been elected, but that a desperate effort is being made to cheat him out. He carried the white counties of the State, but in the black belt when Kolb was refused a single manager of election, the colored vote was all *counted* for Jones, the Democratic candidate!

At least 250,000 people have been given employment in new industries or in the expansion of old ones by reason of the operations of the present tariff. There is not a factory town in the country that has not benefited by it, and as the factory town prospers so does the farm prosper, too. They go hand in hand, whether in prosperity or distress.

The monthly public debt and revenue statements, issued from the Treasury Department, show a net decrease in July of $1,197,815 in the public debt and an increase during last month, compared with July, 1891, of a quarter of a million in receipts; a decrease of two millions and a half in expenditures.

This two-thirds Democratic Congress which came into being with the proudest boasts of what it would accomplish is closing its session with an investigation of the whiskey drinking drinking habits of its members and a filibustering scheme to ruin the Columbian Exposition project.

The Baltimore "Trade Record" reports twenty-five new industrial enterprises in the South during the past week, with capital ranging from $10,000 to $100,000. And yet Democrats prate about the people being 'oppressed by the tariff."

If the Democrats with a majority of 140 in the House cannot pass any legislation when old Holman objects, would they be any better off with a majority of 480? Or is Holman a bigger man than the whole Democratic party?

History may not point to Congressman Watson, of Georgia, as a shining example of American statesmanship, but she will not fail to recognize him as the most acute investigating committee of one that ever broke into Congress.

Another batch of New Jersey ballot box stuffers pleaded guilty the other day and will be sentenced to the Penetentiary on the 11th inst. Another Democratic loss.

Congress adjourned on Friday.

To think "nothing ails you anyhow," is a symptom of dyspepsia. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

A Disgusted Democrat.
The Press.

Permit me to say that some years ago I voted for a man who called himself a Democrat. He was elected and during his four years service he took good care of the Mugwumps And besides that, he monkeyed with free trade and went fishing. Like thousands of other Democrats, I will not vote for him a second time.
E. A. Woodyard.

You will seldom need a doctor if you have Simmons Liver Regulator handy.

A Mugwump Opinion.
Springfield Republican.

For such a crowd of incapables and filibusters as are now gathered in the chamber of the national House, we are almost inclined to admit that Reed rules are none too despotic.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5th, 1892.

Secretary Charles Foster left here to-day for Sandusky, Ohio, where he goes to make a speech at a grand Harrison and Reid ratification meeting. When he made this engagement he expected that Congress would have adjourned before this; but he was unwilling to disappoint his Ohio friends, so he went anyway.

Republicans wisely kept out of the disgraceful scenes daily enacted before the committee which pretended to investigate the charge that Democratic representatives had been on the floor drunk during the present session, made by Representative Tom Watson, a Peoples' Party member from Georgia. The committee has not submitted its report, but from the evidence taken it will have to render the Scotch verdict, "not proven", in the case of Representative Cobb, of Alabama, the only member unfortunate enough to have his name brought out during the so-called investigation, although no names were mentioned in the original charge, but as nearly every man who gave evidence testified that he had seen a member, or members on the floor while intoxicated it is difficult to see how the committee can do otherwise than to report the charge true. Representative Dingley, of Maine, was the only Republican member of the House summoned to appear before the committee, and he declined to obey the summons.

The Senate passed the resolution authorizing a select committee to investigate the Homestead labor trouble and report at the next session. The House sub-committee has got so tangled up on account of its report that it has been compelled to call on the full judiciary committee of the House to try to straighten out things. The report that was written by chairman Oats was so manifestly prejudiced against organized labor that a majority of the sub-committee declined to sign it, and another report will, it is said, be prepared by Bynum, of Indiana.

The hypocrisy of those Democrats who pretended to oppose an appropriation for the World's Fair on constitutional ground was fully exposed when the House Democratic caucus agreed to allow a vote to be taken on a separate bill appropriating $2,000,000. It remains to be seen whether this bargain can be carried out, and also whether the Senate will allow itself to be dictated to by a House democratic caucus, if it shall be able to controll the House.

Gov. McKinley In Nebraska.

BEATRICE, Neb., Aug. 2.—Fifteen thousand persons this afternoon listened to a stirring address by Gov. McKinley, of Ohio. Special trains this morning brought in throngs of people from Kansas, Iowa and Missouri. Business in the city was almost suspended, and everybody witnessed the immense procession which preceded the Governor's speech. All along the line of march the buildings were decorated for the occasion, and the demonstration was the most noteworthy ever held in this State. The Governor received an enthusiastic welcome. He said, in beginning his address, that the latest Democratic platform was a bolder recognition of Free Trade than any of its predecessors; and he went on to analize it. The report as it came from the committee, said he, declared that when customs taxations was levied upon articles of any kind produced in this country the difference between the cost of labor here and labor abroad, fully measured any possible benefits of labor. That was stricken out, and this difference in favor of the American workingman is no longer to be recognized by the Democratic party in its arraignment of the tariff. Again, continued the speaker, the sentence, "but in making reductions in taxes, it is not proposed to injure any domestic industry," was stricken out and in their revised edition they take no care of any domestic industry.

Again, the report declared that "from the foundation of this Government, taxes collected at the Custom House have been the chief source of Federal Revenue; such they must continue to be." That is stricken out, which indicates most strongly that the new leaders of the Democratic party propose to abandon their old policy of raising revenue from customs and rely solely upon direct taxation for the revenue needs of the Government. Again, the committee report declared "so that every change of law must be at every step regardful of the labor and capital involved." That, too, is stricken out, and any change of law hereafter is not to be regardful of the labor employed and capital invested in the great industries of the country. Again, "the process of reform must be subject to the execution of these plain dictates of justice." That was stricken out. No quarter is to be given; but all our vast enterprises must surrender without terms, to the demands of tariff reform.

Then they denounce republican protection as fraud and robbery, and declare that Congress has no constitutional power to enforce and collect tariff duties protective in their nature. The constitutionality of a protective tariff has not been seriously questioned in more than a hundred years. The policy was recognized in the second act ever passed by the Congress of the United States—a Congress participated in by many of the framers of the Constitution.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Melarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion, try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50c. and $1 per bottle at Alex Wadsworth's drugstore.

The cotton worm is destroying the crop in Texas.

Republican State Convention

July 23th, 1892.

A Convention of the Republican party of North Carolina is hereby called to meet in the City of Raleigh on Wednesday the 7th, day of September, 1892, to take such action regarding the nomination of a State tick et as said Convention in its wisdom shall determine.

The Chairmen of the several County Committees of the State, are requested to at once call County Conventions for the selection of delegates and alternates to said State Convention, pursuant to party plan or "organization. Each County will be entitled to two delegates and two alternates for each member it may have in the lower house of the General Assembly. It is earnestly hoped and urged that full and fair notice of the holding of Township and County Conventions will be given, so that the will and choice of the people may be fully and fairly expressed in the selection of delegates to the State Convention, and so that the delegates may the more surely represent the ability, the loyalty, and the free, independent opinion of the party.

By order of the Committee.

F. T. WALSER, Sec'y. J. B. EAVES, Chairman.

No Fusion Contemplated.

North State.

The allegation of a fusion between the Peoples' Party and the Republicans in this State is only another Democratic trick to whip into line their former tools and dupes. It is in keeping with their time-honored custom of obtaining votes under false pretences—soaring waters. No such fusion has been proposed or contemplated. All that has been discussed among republicans is the policy of allowing the Democrats and Peoples Party to fight it out for the State government by refusing to nominate a Republican State ticket, thus making absolute and complete the disintegration of the Democratic party in the State. Simply this and nothing more.

Republican Electors for the State at large have been nominated, and candidates for Congress and Electors in the Districts have been or will be nominated in due time. In the speeches, writings and resolutions of the People's Party there is not one word of Republicanism, save and except that they promise free elections in their state in the State, in other respects they are as far from Republican principles as the Bourbon Democracy. There can be no fusion. No one proposes a fusion. North Carolina Republicans can stand on their own record and again. The last experience in this line was in 1892. After defeating Prohibition in the State they fused with the Liberals, the Veterans accommodated themselves to the party, but the vote was nearly doubled, the increase was not such as to induce one having the interest of his party at heart to rush into our ranks for a temporary advantage—and the advantage is generally only temporary. But no fusion has been proposed or contemplated. Even those Republicans who opposed the nomination of a State ticket do not put it on that ground.

Needing a tonic, doctor who want best
and no alcohol take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness, Liver Complaints and Nervousness.

Raleigh *Chronicle*: Reports have been received by collector White, of the destruction of the distillery of J. R. Rogers, near Newport, Carteret county, of 350 gallons of rum made from molasses. It appears that the Revenue officials had for some time been watching Rogers and it was in the night that his place was raided. Rogers has permits to make corn whiskey and fruit brandy, and there are government warehouses at his place.

Headache, indigestion, and all disorders of the liver, Simmons Liver Regulator surely cures.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA, Pasquotank County. In the Superior Court.

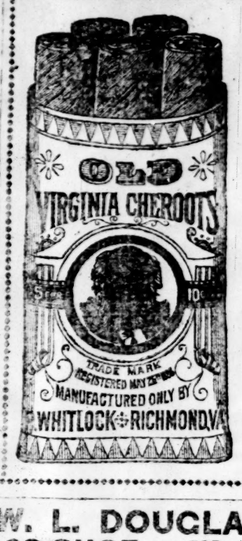
John F. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Harvey Terry and wife, Alice, Timothy Ely and wife Hannah:

The defendants, Harvey Terry, and wife and Timothy Ely and wife Hannah, will take notice, that the plaintiff John F. Davis has commenced an action against them to compel the execution of a deed for one-half of the "Great Park Estate," and thirteen hundred acres in addition to said one half, pursuant to the terms of an agreement made and entered into about April 22nd, 1884 and of record in Pasquotank County: And the said defendants will further take notice, that they are required to be and appear at the next term of Superior Court for the County of Pasquotank, to be holden at Elizabeth City on the 3rd Monday of September, 1892, then and there to answer or demur to the complaint then to be filed, and see proceedings, or judgment will be given for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated at office of Clerk of Superior Court for the County of Pasquotank at Elizabeth City, this the 1st day of August, 1892.

J. P. OVERMAN,
Wm. J. Griffin, Clerk Superior Court,
Atty. for pl'ff. Pasquotank Co.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, U. S. LIFE-SAVING SERVICE, Washington, D. C., July 23, 1892. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M., of Wednesday, the 24th day of August, 1892 to furnish and deliver at the Pea Island Life-Saving Station, coast of Virginia, and the Whale's Head, Paul Gamiel's Hill, Nag's Head, Pea Island, Chicamicomico, Big Kinnakeet, Cape Hatteras, Durant's, Ocracoke, and Cape Lookout Life Saving Stations, coast of North Carolina, each, 7,000 pounds best first-growth timothy hay; 2,000 pounds best wheat straw (bundled); 5,000 pounds shelled corn, white, No 2; and 5,000 pounds of barley-clipped oats. All grain to be of the best merchantable feed grain, well filled, free from chaff, dirt or other impurities, and put up in well sewed new sacks which are to become the property of the Government without additional cost. Proposals may be made for all of the articles required, or for one or more items, but bids for less than the full quantity of any one item will not be considered. The price must be by the hundred pounds on all articles. One-half of the quantity of forage for each station must be delivered on or before December 1, 1892, and the other half on or before April 1, 1893. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of $100, drawn to the order of the Secretary of the Treasury, as security that the bidder will enter into contract without delay, and give such bonds for the faithful performance thereof as may be required, if his bid be accepted. Certified checks will be returned within two weeks to the unsuccessful bidders and the check of the successful bidder after his contract and bond shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury. Envelopes containing proposals should be endorsed "Proposals to furnish Forage." The right is reserved to reject any or all bids and to waive defects, S. I. KIMBALL, General Superintendant.



OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOTS

STOCK: THE VERY BEST.

STYLE: HANDSOME AS ANY TEN-CENT CIGAR.

PRICE: FIVE FOR TEN CENTS.

TRY THEM

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.

Take no Substitute, but insist on having **W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES,** with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOWLER & CO.

THE ELIZABETH CITY ACADEMY,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Will open its Fifteenth annual term on **Monday, September 19, 1892.**

Both Sexes. Prepares for Business or College. Shorthand and Typewriting added to the curriculum. Music a special feature of the School. Low rates of Board and Tuition. Send for Catalogue. Address

S. L. SHEEP, Principal,
Or Miss S. E. MARTIN,
Assoiate Principal

NAG'S HEAD HOTEL COMPANY
NAG'S HEAD, N. C,

BATHING, FISHING, SAILING, DRIVING, SHOOTING, WATCHING THE BILLOWS ROLL, &C.

SEASON OF 1892.

The Steamer "Clarence" new and elegantly equipped, will make regular trips until about the 15th of September. An entire change has been made in the management of the Hotel. The services of an EXPERIENCED CATERER, A FIRST CLASS HOTEL COOK AND WELL TRAINED WAITERS have been secured. A lady of refinement and experience has accepted the position of Matron. Trains will make frequent trips from the Hotel to the Ocean. There will be accommodations for horses of guests of the Hotel.

MEDICAL

will be carefully stocked with pure wines and liquors, and will be under the management of a scientific and expert attendant. Every effort will be made to add to the pleasure and promote the happiness of the guests.

NAG'S HEAD HOTEL CO.
GEO. P. GATHING, Man'r

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA

Instruction is offered in four general courses of study, six brief courses, a large number of special courses, and in Law Medicine and Engineering. The Faculty numbers twenty teachers.

Scholarships and loan funds are available for needy young men of talent and character. The next session begins Sept. 1. For catalogue and full information address PRESIDENT WINSTON, at Chapel Hill, N. C.

A. W. HAFF,
Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobster
Etc., Etc.
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty
No Agents.

INSURANCE!
Agents Wanted.

THE NATIONAL CAPITOL LIFE ASSOCIATION offers special inducements to all who want Insurance.

Call and examine or write for our Plan and Tariff before insuring elsewhere. We can assuredly please you.

A live local Agent wanted in every county in North Carolina. Apply to the undersigned at Columbia, N. C.

Arthur Spruill,
Executive Special Agent for the State of North Carolina.

DR. THACHER'S
Liver and Blood SYRUP
A POWERFUL TONIC
PURE LIVER REGULATOR
EFFECT BLOOD PURIFIER

Mr. Bert Marchbanks, Druggist, Sparta, Tenn., informs us that a case of scrofulous sore eyes was cured by taking three large bottles of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup.

Price, 50c and $1.
Treatise on Liver and Blood Diseases Mailed Free.
Dr. H. S. Thacher Medicine Co.,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND Oil Clothing

is warranted the Best in the World!
Is more WATERPROOF,
Is STRONGER, and
will WEAR LONGER

than any other goods manufactured. Ask for the "FISH BRAND" take no other. A. J. TOWER CO., Sole Agents, Baltimore, Md.

$21. $23.

SPECIAL RUN No. 19.
GREATEST VALUE ON EARTH.
Tyler's Famous Antique Oak Roll Curtain Desk. Complete, as Special Illustrated
No. 4004, 3 ft. 6 in. long, and $19 00
No. 4009, 4 ft. 6 in. " 21 00
No. 4010, 5 ft. long. " 23 00
Also see new 150 page catalogue for 1892. Great cut of about 40 per cent from former list. BOOK FREE, postage 10c. Shipped from St. Louis, Mo., or Indianapolis, Ind. BANK CONTENTS AS REFERENCE. We refer to every Bank in Thirty States.
TYLER DESK CO., St. Louis, Mo.

SAVE 50 %

BY COOKING
YOUR FEED!

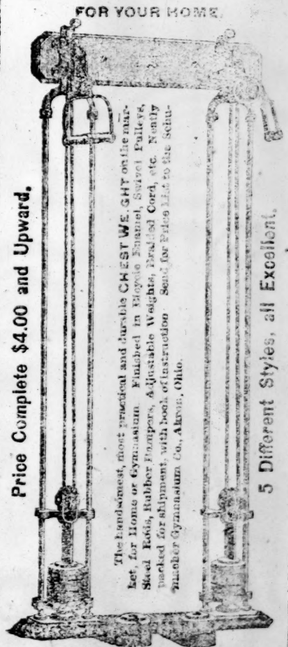
Be progressive, inform yourself, investigate what we claim. If it is true you want to avail yourself of it. Hundreds of farmers and stock feeders testify to its great merits.

SAVE EXPENSE OF GRINDING
MAKES TWICE THE FAT
FEEDS DOUBLE THE STOCK,
SAVES Two Dollars every time the contents are cooked and fed out.

CIRCULARS, FULL INFORMATION AND POINTS TO STOCK-FEEDERS FREE.

Mitchell Machine Co., KENDALLVILLE, INDIANA.

BOSTON
CHEST WEIGHT
FOR YOUR HOME.



Price Complete $4.00 and Upward.
5 Different Styles, all Excellent.
The handsomest, most practical and durable CHEST WEIGHT on the market. Let for Home or Gymnasium. Finished in Elegant Style. Swivel Pulleys, Steel Rods, Rubber Bumpers, Adjustable Weights, Brass Name Plate. Send for Circular. Packed for shipment with book of instruction. Send for Price List to the Schumacher Gymnasium Co., Akron, Ohio.

Send Stamp for Illustrated Price List.
The Schumacher Gymnasium Co. AKRON, OHIO.

ARIEL CYCLE FOR MEN AND THE TITANIA (The Queen of Fairies) FOR LADIES.
STRICTLY HIGHEST GRADE

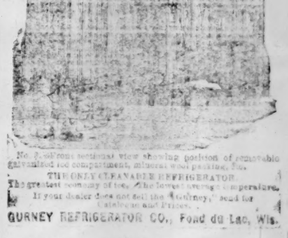
DIAMOND FRAME
CUSHION AND PNEUMATIC TIRES
WARRANTY WITH EVERY WHEEL
SEND YOUR ADDRESS FOR CATALOGUE
ARIEL CYCLE MFG. CO., GOSHEN, IND.

CACTERINE
NATURE'S CURE FOR CATARRH
EXTRACT MEXICAN CACTUS
This new treatment for Catarrh and diseases of the respiratory organs is one of the most important discoveries of medical science and possesses the following advantages:
The inhaled vapors reach almost at once all parts of the affected membranes, the change of diet or pursuit of life is necessary, and all can be carried on as usual.
It is pleasant to use, does not offend, and even delicate children breathe it freely.
It quickly reaches the seat of the trouble.
It is a specific for Catarrh in all its stages.
It is a specific for Hay Fever.
It is a specific for Bronchitis.
It is a specific for Asthma.
It is a specific for Throat Troubles.
It is a specific for Coughs.
It is a specific for Colds.
It is a specific for Deafness.
It is a specific for Headache.
It is a specific for Loss of Smell.
It is a specific for Loss of Taste.
It is a specific for Sore Throat.
It is a specific for Loss of Voice.
It is a specific for Hoarseness.
It is a specific for Weak Eyes.
It is a specific for Weak Lungs.
It is a specific for Consumption.
It is a specific for Pneumonia.
It is a specific for Pleurisy.
It is a specific for Bronchitis.
It is a specific for Asthma.
It is a specific for Throat Troubles.
It is a specific for Coughs.
It is a specific for Colds.
It is a specific for Deafness.
It is a specific for Headache.
It is a specific for Loss of Smell.
It is a specific for Loss of Taste.
It is a specific for Sore Throat.
It is a specific for Loss of Voice.
It is a specific for Hoarseness.
It is a specific for Weak Eyes.
It is a specific for Weak Lungs.
It is a specific for Consumption.
It is a specific for Pneumonia.
It is a specific for Pleurisy.
It is a specific for Bronchitis.
It is a specific for Asthma.
It is a specific for Throat Troubles.
It is a specific for Coughs.
It is a specific for Colds.
It is a specific for Deafness.
It is a specific for Headache.
It is a specific for Loss of Smell.
It is a specific for Loss of Taste.
It is a specific for Sore Throat.
It is a specific for Loss of Voice.
It is a specific for Hoarseness.
It is a specific for Weak Eyes.
It is a specific for Weak Lungs.
It is a specific for Consumption.
It is a specific for Pneumonia.
It is a specific for Pleurisy.
Price 75 cents per bottle.
SCOTT & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

DIXIE BAKING POWDER
PERFECTION
PURE CREAM-TARTAR POWDER
ENDORSED BY
PROF. A. L. NETZ, P. R. S.
of Medical Department Tulane University of Louisiana, who, after a careful analysis, pronounces it a pure Cream Tartar Powder, which he cheerfully recommends to the public.
"THE SOUTHERN FAVORITE"
PURE, WHOLESOME and POWERFUL.
You Want It. Ask Grocer For It.
GULF MFG. CO., NEW ORLEANS, LA.

PURE ROOFING.
Metallic Weather Boarding,
Complete Ceilings,
Corrugated Sheathing,
Roofing Paints,
Iron Roofing,
Gable Trimmings, Gutters and Spouting.
All forms of Sheet Metal for Building (COMPLETE AND READY TO APPLY WHEN SHIPPED.)

WE WANT AN AGENT
In this county—an energetic man to take orders, and APPLY our materials in this vicinity.
Correspondence solicited; write for special terms.
SCOTT & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.
ESTABLISHED 1872.



BY COOKING
YOUR FEED!

Be progressive, inform yourself, investigate what we claim. If it is true you want to avail yourself of it. Hundreds of farmers and stock feeders testify to its great merits.

Wash your face,
Wash your hands,
Wash your head,
Wash your beard,
Wash babies heads,
Wash out stains,
Wash away dandruff,
Wash away pimples,
Wash away freckles,
Wash yourself with
HO-HO JELLY
Toilet Soap
For Pure White Skin.
PREPARED ONLY BY
E. L. BALDWIN & CO.,
14 PARK PLACE,
DETROIT, MICH.

AGENTS WANTED, SALARY OR COMMISSION. SAMPLES MAILED FREE.

THE GREATEST REFRIGERATOR IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE.
THE
GURNEY PATENT REFRIGERATOR.

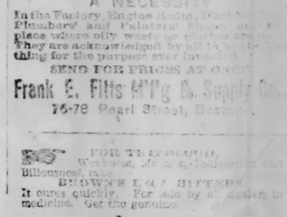
THE ONLY CLEANABLE REFRIGERATOR
The greatest economy of ice. The lowest average temperature. If your dealer does not sell the "Gurney," send for
GURNEY REFRIGERATOR CO., Fond du Lac, Wis.

ROYAL SEWING MACHINE

WARRANTED 5 YEARS

Has a Large High Arm.
Has a self-setting Needle.
Has a Self-threading Shuttle.
Has No Equal in Construction.
Has a Mechanical Appearance.
Has an Elegant Finish.
Has a Perfect Adjustment.
Has a Positive Take-up.
Has Stylish Furniture.
Has More Good Sewing Qualities and does a larger Range of General Work than any Sewing Machine in the World.
Examine THE ROYAL for points of excellence, and you will buy no other.
ROYAL S. M. CO., Rockford, Ill.

SELF-CLOSING OILY WASTE CAN



A PLACE FOR EVERYTHING
OILY WASTE
FRANK E. FITTS MFG. AND SUPPLY CO.
BOSTON
GREAT FIRE PROTECTION
A NECESSITY
In the Factory, Engine room, Office, Machine shop, Plumbers' and Painters' shop, in fact any place where oily waste is used. They are ornamental as well as useful. The thing for those purposes.
SEND FOR PRICES AT ONCE.
Frank E. Fitts Mfg. & Supply Co.
76-78 Pearl Street, Boston, Mass.

FOR THE ASKING.
Billousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Chills and Fever.
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

NO CURE NO PAY
ON RECEIPT OF 50 CENTS
WE WILL MAIL A BOX OF
TETTERINE!
THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE FOR
Tetter, Ground Itch, Itching Piles, Ring Worm and all Itching Skin Diseases.
If you have TETTER, it matters not how long it has existed, TETTERINE will as certainly cure you as you use it.
Harmless, Painless and Fragrant.
MONEY Refunded if you are dissatisfied with the results—References—Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, Chatham Bank, and National Bank of Savannah.
J. T. SHUPTRINE & BRO.
SAVANNAH, GA.

MARYLAND ROASTER AND BAKER

BEST SIMPLEST AND CHEAPEST
THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed by the articles in the roaster, and acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked is sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put in food, in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven, the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by
MATTHAI, INGRAM & CO.,
120 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
64 BEADE ST., NEW YORK.

THREE POZZONI'S POINTS
COMPLEXION
POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1. 2. 3.
THREE White, Flesh, Brunette POZZONI'S All Druggists, Fancy Stores TINTS

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE: Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder-blade; in the back or side often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach with fatulency and water-brash, indigestion, bowels lax and costive by turns; headache, with dull, heavy sensation; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fitfulness after eating; bad temper; blues; tired feeling; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Get all, or if always some of these indicate want of action of the liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

—AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR—

Malaria, Bowel Complaints, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Jaundice, Chronic Diarrhœa, Colic, Constipation, Biliousness, Fever, Kidney Affections, Nausea, Depression of Spirits, Sour Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Coated Tongue, Piles, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach or Bowels.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION. I have used in my practice, and in my family, for many years, Simmons Liver Regulator, and consider it the best remedy for the diseases for which it is recommended. As a mild purgative and alterative it is unsurpassed. J. M. Stringfellow, M. D. Waldo, Ark.

DAILY GENUINE

Has our Trade-Mark and Signature on Wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY

Mayor—W. G. Grice. Commissioners—W. C. Davis, Geo. W. Cobb, C. W. Overman, E. R. Dunstan, W. G. Underwood. Clerk—Wm. Aydlett. Treasurer—G. L. Fearing. Constable and Collector—T. Sylvester Sawyer. Attorney—W. J. Griffin. Commissioner of Deeds—S. D. Bayne. Fire Commissioner—C. E. Kramer and C. A. White.

Collector of Customs—Paterson John Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. W. Wood, A. G. Dozier and W. J. Hale. Meet at Court House 2nd and 3rd Wednesdays in each month.

Notary Public—Jno. H. Fearing, Jr.

Justices of the Peace—Jno. H. Fearing, Jr., and Jno. H. Hall, Commissioners' Clerk, Elizabeth City. Also Justices of the Peace for Road and Cherry Grove.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor.

Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor.

Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector.

Presbyterian—Rev. I. M. Johnston, Pastor.

Colored Methodist—Rev. N. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Banks, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic, Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and C. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows, Advance Lodge, No. 14—B. L. Rainey, N. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sawyer, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tyler Creek Council, No. 1259—J. E. Overman, Regent; C. E. Kramer Secretary; W. J. Woodley Treas., F. M. Cook is Collector.

American Legion of Honor—J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Chas. Keeling, Secretary; G. W. Ward, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess Reporter; J. F. Overman, Treasurer.

O. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; L. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners—G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lester, Elliott Whitehurst, Rants Scott, S. W. Barkins, Sheriff, Thos. P. Wilcox, Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman, Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb, Board of Education, W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. B. Jones, Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep.

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

G. W. Ward,
Attorney-at-Law.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Collections promptly made. Will practice in State and Federal Courts

C. C. Pool.
Attorney-at-Law.
Will practice in the Courts of Pasquotank and adjoining counties.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

W. A. McMullan. W. W. Albertson Jr.
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.
Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

T. P. WHITE,
BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot
Repairing and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
At the "Old Stand on Road Street"
ELIZABETH City, N. C.

P. M. COOK,
JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Fred Davis,
DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND. All Orders filled Promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

- PATENTS. -

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our Office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,

C. A. Snow & Co.
Opposite Patent Office,
Washington, D. C.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday. Aug't 10, 1892.

Farmers are more hopeful.

The August rains are favorable

The corn prospect has greatly improved.

The cotton is promising better and is fruiting well.

The "Oyster Convention" called at Ocracoke is simply a Lucas affair

Mumford is the name of a new postoffice just established near Hinton's Corner, this county.

With no Republican State ticket in the field, the CAROLINIAN believes that the First District can be carried for Harrison and Pool.

The CAROLINIAN predicts that Pasquotank will give Harrison a larger majority than four years ago, and, further, that Weaver will get more votes in the county than Cleveland.

At the Democratic District Convention at Edenton yesterday, Hon. W. A. B. Branch was renominated for Congress by acclamation, and Leroy L. Smith was nominated for Elector.

Col. Harry Skinner has left the old rotten Bourbon hulk and taken passage on the new craft "Peoples' Party." When the "silver tongued orator" enters the campaign he may feel disposed to reveal some things those now abusing him would rather not have exposed.

On the 20th ult. the Peoples Party of Camden met in Convention at the Court House and nominated the following ticket: For Representative, Marshal Dailey; for Sheriff, W. S. Bartlett; for Register of Deeds, O. G. Pritchard, and for Surveyor, T. B. Boushall. They purpose giving the tail of the Bourbon ox a twist that will make him bellow!

The Peoples' Party of Pasquotank met at the Court House in county Convention on Saturday to appoint delegates to the State and District Conventions. Every township outside of Elizabeth City was fully represented. The attendance and calm but determined spirit manifested surprised the on looking "straight outs." Indeed, the drowsy eyes of the "bosses" are being opened to realize that neither ridicule nor "mailed hand and brass knuckles" can check this movement.

Mr. W. J Griffin, Superintendent of Public Instruction for this county, will shortly hold an examination of applicants for Scholarship in the State Industrial School at Greensboro. In 1887 the State made an appropriation for a school for young ladies in which they could be instructed in the industrial branches of life, such as cooking, sewing, cutting and the like; together with painting, moulding, and the fine arts generally. Each county is entitled to send free of tuition as many scholars as it has representatives in the legislature. Pasquotank is therefore, entitled to send one. Mr. Griffin can give all additional information.

Again are we painfully called upon to make announcement of the "passing away" of another of our old and valued friends. On reaching our office on Thursday morning last we learned that C. W. Hollowell was dead! For several years he had been stricken with total blindness, and his general health had failed, but up to an hour before his demise he was apparently no worse. The fatal attack came suddenly and before medical aid could reach him, the end came. He was 71 years of age. Mr. Hollowell was one of the prominent men in this county, an extensive farmer, a trusted business man, a useful citizen and highly esteemed by all who knew him. We made his acquaintance some twenty four years ago and during all that time he has been a reliable friend and an appreciative patron of the CAROLINIAN.

The Baptist Church was crowded on Sunday night to hear the farewell sermon of the pastor, Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, who has accepted a call to Greensboro. He has been here three and a half years, has been an indefatigable worker in behalf of his Church and has won the respect and esteem of our entire community. He stated that in severing his pastoral relations with the Elizabeth City Baptist Church he could say that every thing had been pleasant, that the plans and actions of pastor and church had been on parallel lines, without jar or friction, and that the uniform kindness of the church and the friendship extended by the people, not members, had been appreciated beyond words to express and would always be remembered with satisfaction and pleasure. The CAROLINIAN expresses the common feeling in saying that his leaving is regretted and that he will carry with him the best wishes of all. The text of the sermon was "First seek the Kingdom of God and the righteousness thereof and all things needed will be added." This injunction of the Divine Master he said, was the message he desired to leave to the people of Elizabeth City.

A good farmer is never idle for the want of work.

Everybody should strive to make a little advance every year.

—Ice Cream Freezers, all sizes at Robinson Co's

When you are done with a tool, always return it to its place.

—No. 1 Timothy and Clover Hay at Robinson & Co.

A wrong never becomes right, however hoary with age may be.

—A newly repaired Store now occupied by J. Y. Old & Son for rent or lease, apply to Robinson & Co.

Our schools should be adapted to teaching thoroughly what is practical.

—Fowler & Co mean business ALL THE TIME and propose to merit your patronage.

The farmer should make it a point to be ready for the market when the market is ready for him.

—If you are in want of any Crockery or Glassware Robinson & Co's is the place to get it.

Cleanliness and good food are preventives of most hot weather diseases, both in man and in animal.

—WANTED. 20,000 ladies to look at the large assortment of white and black summer dress goods at Fowler & Co's New styles, reasonable prices.

—The New Steamer for Naga Head has arrived, but the new Bathing suits shipped to Fowler & Co,, arrived one week before the Steamer, Prices 75c. $1.25 and $2.50 per suit.

It is said that burning kereosene oil may be almost instantly quenched, as in the breakage of a lamp, by throwing flour upon it. The oil being absorbed by the flour is no longer combustible.

—HALF PRICE! Ladies $1 lace serge shoes at 50c, and Ladies' $1.50 and $1.75 Button Fox Serge shoes at 75c. at Fowler & Cos.

The position of the CAROLINIAN in opposition to a State ticket is coincided in and endorsed by Hon. C. C. Pool, nominee for Congress; Dr D. H. Abbett, District Elector; Hon. C. M. Bernard, Elector-at-Large; Geo. E. Buckman, Chairman District Committee; Geo. W. Cobb, ex-Chairman, and every leading Republican in the First District.

To "A Farmer" the CAROLINIAN would say: What the American farmer wants is consumers, not competitors, and the closer the factory comes to the farm the better will be the price and the greater the consumption of farm products. As the McKinley law tends to aid American industries, it tends to aid American farmers as well.

—California Peaches, Apricots, white and black Cherries, Green Gage & Honey, French Soups, French Peas, Imported Pickles, Roast Turkey, Roast Chicken, Lunch Tongue, Chipped Beef, Potted Meats, &c, at Robinson & Co

I suffered from billiousness, indigestion, etc. Simmons Liver Regulator cured after doctors failed.—W. D. Bird.

On conversing with several of the delegates to the Peoples' Party Convention on Saturday, we found that they were in "dead earnest"—had cut loose from the old party and "burned the bridges behind them." They said the farmers had been led by the nose by the Democratic managers as long as they intended to be; that profuse promises had played out, and that the old party lash would snap in vain.

The CAROLINIAN is asked to give the meaning of the term "Bourbon," as applied to the Democrats. The House of Bourbon was the family of Kings that ruled France for over two hundred years, from 1589 to the time of the French Revolution. One of their characteristics was an absolute refusal to keep pace with events. Experience taught them nothing. This trait in their character has caused their name to be applied in American political parlance to any statesman or politician who clings to dead issues and refuses to accommodate himself to change.

LOCAL MENTION

The political pot is simmering.—The CAROLINIAN is "all right," thank you! —It makes honest folks *tired* to hear men who wont pay their debts prate about "respectability" and "character!"—Grapes in market.—Miss Ella Spruill, of Edenton, is visiting her friends here.—Mrs. N. Underwood is spending the "heated term" at Nag's Head.—People on the fence never weigh much.—Several Ohio gentlemen have been here prospecting, and have been favorably impressed.—The community was shocked on last Thursday afternoon to hear that Street Superintendent Stephen D. Barnes had fell down dead. He had a force of men at work on Simmons street, and was sitting in the shade near by, when he was seen to fall over, and in a few moments he expired. He had been in bad health for over a year, He was a worthy man and the most competent Street officer the Corporation has had for years. His age was about 65 years.—Miss Agnes Heath, who has been visiting at Edenton, has returned.—Old croakers, frogs.—It is a pity so many people are false when they might be true.—A young lady in the Third Ward was heard soliloquising:

He treated me coldly last night,
And yet I'm not mad, as 'would seem,
For his treatment I hailed with delight—
He bought me two plates of ice cream!

—The difference between humor and wit is that one tickles and the other hurts.—Mrs I. N. Tillett and son are visiting friends at Great Bridge, Va. —Work on C. W. Overman's new brick stores on Poindexter street is in active progress. E. W. Dozier is the contractor.—Mrs Grundy says that the Sumer Girl who is not the subject of newspaper paragraphs doesn't exist.—The fellow who wonders "how a man feels who is mad all over," is respectfully referred to the editor of tee old "organ" over the way.—

The threatened party loses
Alarm the Bourbon bosses.

—Mr. J. B. Daniels, of Hatteras Tower Light, gave the CAROLINIAN a call on Friday.—The steam tug "Nellie," built by Capt. J. F. Snell for the "Union Lumber Company," of this place, was inspected by the proper officials on Saturday.—It is idiotic folly for a would-be polical leader who dwells in a glass house to engage in throwing stones.—By cutting the door and forcing the lock, the store room of Wm. Stevenson, on lower Main street, was entered a few nights ago and $13 in money and a lot of cigars, tobacco and candy were stolen.—The Versifier writes about the "familiar friend:"

He tires with his offhand ways,
We wish him far away,
Who slaps us on the back and says,
"How do you feel to day?"

—Major J. F. Milligen, Inspector of Steamboat Hulls, called on Saturday. He says the difference between Cleveland and Harrison is ponderous avoirdupois and compact brain. —Mr. J. D. Fulmer and family are off on a recuperating trip among the hills and dales of the Keystone State. They will be absent several weeks. —Mr. Monro Bright has been appointed Street Superintendent to succeed Mr. Barnes, and Mr. George Twiddy Fire Commissioner to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. T. S. White.—The Presiding Elder occupied the Methodist pulpit on Sunday.—It is seldom safe to take a man exactly at his word, and it is often supremely foolish to take a girl at hers.—Our young friend J. Wiley Halstead, of Lilly, called and paid his respects on Monday.—The subject debated at the Y. M. C. A. on Monday night was, "Which is the Mightier, the Sword or the Pen" The exercises next Monday night will be declamations by several young men.—There is generally music in the hein when he wakes at midnight.—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas and family left yesterday for his new field of labor at Greensboro. They will spend a few days visiting his parents at Portsmouth, and on Sunday he will fill the pulpit of Rev. C. S. Blackwell at Norfolk, who will preach in the morning and at night in the Baptist Church here.—Capt. Henry Roberts, of Norfolk, was in town yesterday. He called, as he always does, and entertained the editor in a half hour's edifying chat. He always has something to say, and of interest, too.—Miss Gertie Bland, who has been off on a visit to Richmond, Baltimore and Washington, has returned, bringing her cousin Miss Gracie Bland, of Norfolk, with her.—Mr. E. F. Aydlett and family are rusticating at Nag's Head.

Don't suffer from Dyspepsia. Take Simmons Liver Regulator. It always cures.

No Permanent Place For It.

One of the most striking sentences in Senator Aldrich's recent masterly speech on the tariff was the one in which he declared that "there is no permanent place in American politics for a party that bases its claims for popular support on the failures and disappointments of the people." It is the fatal weakness of the Democracy that it is a calamity party. It never thrives except in seasons of depression and disaster; and in the magnificent industrial and commercial development of the United States for the past quarter of a century such seasons have been rare and brief. The party of pessimism and discontent, the party whose organs do their best to bring about misfortune by constantly predicting it is squarely opposed to the spirit of American endeavor and progress. It cannot gain and retain power, for prosperity, not adversity, is the normal and prevailing condition of the American people.

Chairman Harrity, Inquirer.

Mr. Harrity, the Chairman of the National Democratic Committee, was Postmaster of Philadelphia during Mr. Cleveland's Presidency. He was the chief political lieutenant of the late William L. Scott, member of the Democratic National Committee from Pennsylvania, and owner of the Spring Valley mines, where 700 miners struck three years ago against reduction of their wages below $1 a day. The miners were evicted under circumstances of great hardship

"Dead As Hecter."

Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser.

"The fact is, the force bill is dead as Hector. Harrison can't revive it. The rank and file of the Republican party north were never in favor of it since its full discussion last year. The plank is only a sop to the negro vote of the north, and Harrison could not pass the bill if he was re-elected. There is no more probability of the force bill's passage than there is of several southern states going against Democracy.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Representative Watson's Arrangement Of Congress.

Congressman Watson, of Georgia, says of the Democratic Congress: The Congress now sitting is another illustration (that is, of "general Democratic worthlessness)." Pledged to reform, they have not reformed. Pledged to economy, they have not economized. Pledged to legislate, they have not legislated. Extravagance has been the order of the day. Absenteeism has never been so pronounced. Lack of purpose was never so clear. Lack of common business prudence was never more glaring. Drunken men have reeled in the aisles, a disgrace to the republic. Drunken speakers have debated grave issues upon the floor, and in the midst of maudlin ramblings have been heard to ask: "Mr. Speaker, where was I at?" Useless employees crowd every corridor. Useless expenditures pervade every department.

It Should Be In Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Harbor, of Coolspring, Pa., claims Dr. King's Discovery saved him more good than anything else ever did for Lung trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free bottles at Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

A

A

charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail, by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts. per box. FOR SALE BY A. WARD WORTH.

Many People

Are broken down from overwork or the kindred cause Brown's Iron Bitters. Rouse the system also from malaria, rush the blood of life, and carry off disease. Get the genuine.

STORE FOR RENT OR LEASE.

The Store, 25x80 feet, fitted up for Dry Goods, now occupied by Salomonsky, is for Rent or Lease. Apply to

CHAS. H. ROBINSON.

Aug. 2, 1892.

A GOLD WATCH AND $240.

This is what every Agent receives who gets up a Club on our $1 per week plan. Our 14 karat gold-filled, case are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement. Stem wind and set. Ladies or Gents size. Equal to any $50 watch. To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of the Hunting Case Watches for the Club price, $20, and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.

Our agent at Durham, N. C., writes: "Our Jewelers have ordered they don't know how you can furnish such work for the money."

One good reliable agent wanted for each place. Write for terms. WATCH CO., New York.

11-4 m.

LADIES

DO YOU WANT

A

charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail, by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Power Block, Rochester, N. Y.

ONLY $20

HIGH ARM $25.00.

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers

Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials.

Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
269 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

IF YOU BACKACHE

Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all Dealers in medicine.

—TOWNS & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Train, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leaves Norfolk (Ferry Slip) at 4.00 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M.; Northbound, daily except Sundays, leaves Elizabeth City at 2.00 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer Lines, and at Edenton with Stages for Colerain, Castle, Gliden and other Susquehanna Rivers. Transfer Steamer to Mosley's Ferry, foot of N. & S. R. R. Depot, Portsmouth and Belle Haven, connecting with another steamer for Cape Charles City, Va., and Shore Line Railway for Cheriton, Pungo, Kellam's, Pungo Ferry, Oceanic, Capeville, Wachapreague, Hallwood, Parksley, Onley, Tasley, Modest Town, Accomac, Drummondtown, Pungoteague, Bloxom, Melfa, Onancock, Tangier, Crisfield, Princess Anne, Salisbury, Franklin City, Suffolk, Smithfield, Scotland Neck, Tarboro, Rocky Mount, Weldon, Roanoke Rapids, Gaston, Seaboard, Hamlet, Wilmington, Charleston, Augusta, Atlanta, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Memphis, Shreveport, Texas, Mexico, California, Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver, Portland, Oregon, Puget Sound, Alaska, Japan, China, Australia, Europe, and all points North, South, East and West.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., for New Berne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 71 North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt.

Norfolk and North Carolina

CANAL COMPANY.

S. W. CARR, Superintendent.

The Norfolk and North Carolina Canal will be open for navigation about the 1st of April, 1892, with a depth of five feet of water, and will be kept at that depth during the season. Boats must be provided with good and sufficient lines, and must be well secured to the Canal banks when not in motion. Boats will be towed without a charge, except when detained by the Company, and over 15 hours when called for by the Captain. Navigate the Canal at their own risk.

ENGINES, SAW MILLS
THRESHING MACHINES
Best Machinery at Lowest Prices
A. B. FARQUHAR,
York, Pa

51-12.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Bro, Props
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET.
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.

Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel

Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests. Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the travel public.

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Special Rates to Traveling Salesmen and Excursionists. Carriages furnished when Desired. Passengers to and from Trains and Steamers Conveyed Free of Charge.

Terms Reasonable.

J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

-- P. EWELL, --
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler

Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.

SEE SIGN BIGWATCH,
Water St, (next door to Overman's cor)
Elizabeth City, N. C.
19 Years Experience at Bench

AT COST!

R. SALOMONSKY

Will from this date until September 1st, 1892, sell all his surplus stock at and below cost, in order that he may go into his

NEW STORE,

with a FRESH CLEAN STOCK from one end to the other These goods are all first-class in every particular and among other things embraces the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS &c., in the city These goods will not be carried to our new quarters and must be sold if low prices will sell them. New BARGAINS EVERY DAY. The sale begins to-day and will continue until the first of September at our old stand on Water Street.

R. SALOMONSKY.

AT COST!

AT COST

There is no Sleight of Hand,

by means of which we have been able to keep up the prices and class of goods we are doing. It is managed by the way the public patronize us.

FOUR THINGS AT ONCE

are possible if they work together. Our trade is simply drawn by four horses—four good steady horses—instead of one wretched screw or some ill matched pair. And as we understand thoroughly how to drive the team they

Make It

possible for us to make good time along the road of trade. The four corner stores of our house are

Best Goods, Honest Dealing,
Low Prices, Large Stock.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Queens ware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement, Plastering Hair, Shingles, &c &c.

ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N. C.

ELIZABETH CITY
CRYSTAL ICE COMPANY
Flora & Brockett, Proprietors.
PURE ICE IN 200 POUND BLOCKS AT
Wholesale and Retail,

Cheaper and better than river or pond ice.

Nothing equal to it for the household Or for Fish Oysters, &c.

Quotations cheerfully given. Special prices for fifty or more lots.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G. MORRISETTE

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AGENTS AT FACTORY PRICES

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and our sales increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have goods to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for two years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy and how to be served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and in with

To Examine Our Stock o

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Lead Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandlery Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES,

Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, and once they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.

MOSES WEISEL,
WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniure, Wares and Stationery.

I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.

Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES. Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low.

If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me

P. W. MELICK,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

BLOODY CHOLERA RIOTS.

A Mob of Ignorant Russians Do Battle With Troops.

Sixty of the Rioters Killed and Hundreds Wounded.

Private information from Tashkend, a town of Asiatic Russia, in Syr-Darya, gives the facts in regard to serious rioting there in connection with the cholera epidemic.

The native Sarts, believing the doctors were poisoning cholera patients, determined to put an end to the murderous practices they imagined were employed. The wildest rumors were current of cruelties inflicted by physicians, causing the immediate death of patients, and these stories aroused the people's fury to the highest pitch.

Five thousand Sarts suddenly invaded the Russian quarter and wrecked the residence of Deputy Governor Poutintseff, who fled on the approach of the howling mob. His flight was discovered and he was overtaken in the street by an infuriated crowd, and was shockingly maltreated. He pleaded for mercy, but in vain.

Finally he was flung to the ground, and after being trampled upon was stoned to death, his features being mutilated beyond recognition. The authorities took immediate steps to suppress disorder and protect other officials. A body of troops was hurried to the scene under orders to adopt most rigorous measures in dealing with rioters.

Arriving where the defiant Sarts were assembled the troops opened fire, killing several. The Sarts, armed with pistols and daggers and undaunted by the deadly fire, made a desperate resistance.

The two forces closed in on each other and a furious hand-to-hand fight ensued, the maddened Sarts, when their pistols were emptied, slashing savagely with their daggers and doing much execution with those weapons. The drilled and better armed soldiers were unable to overcome their fanatical opponents, but after being reinforced by a body of Cossacks they succeeded in quelling the riot.

The Sarts, not disheartened by repulse, soon prepared to resume the attack. They took possession of the mosques, converted them into temporary forts and defied the authorities.

A large number of soldiers were dispatched to dislodge them, but this was no easy task, as the Sarts were ensconced behind protecting walls and could shoot down the soldiers while they themselves were in a practically safe position. The Sarts made a sturdy resistance, firing from loopholes with telling effect.

The troops at last concentrated and, making a grand assault, carried the mosques. A scene of carnage ensued. Although the Sarts found they could not cope with their military opponents, no quarter was asked or given, and, defiant to the end, they fell by scores before the soldiers.

Sixty Sarts were killed and hundreds wounded, many most grievously. The soldiers suffered heavily, fifteen being killed and many wounded.

So great was the excitement the authorities found it necessary to strongly patrol the town day and night.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

THE Government of Mexico will exhibit at the World's Fair a large and valuable collection of Aztec relics.

THE largest American flag ever made will float from the top of a very lofty "liberty pole" in front of the Administration building at the World's Fair.

THE architects of the world are to be invited to a congress at Chicago during the World's Fair to discuss architectural subjects and the interests of the profession.

CANADA will erect a World's Fair building at Chicago 100 feet long by forty-four feet wide, with a ten foot veranda surrounding it on all sides. Plans have been submitted for approval.

THE World's Fair Commission of the State of New York has applied to the Exposition Board in the Department of Transportation for 1,250 square feet of space for the exhibition of a great relief map of the canal system of that State.

THE California State World's Fair Board has given permission to Miss Ray Beveridge, of San Francisco, to set up and operate a mimature blacksmith's forge in the California building. Miss Beveridge is a niece of Ex-Governor John L. Beveridge, of Illinois, and is said to be an expert at the anvil.

THE women of New York State will furnish and decorate the library room in the Woman's building at the World's Fair. Plans are perfected to make the furnishings very elaborate and tasteful. The room will contain as complete a collection as is possible to gather of works written by women.

IN the Government building at the World's Fair will be exhibited the original standard surveyor's chain, authorized by act of Congress, May 18, 1797, for executing surveys of Government lands. The chain was made by Benjamin Rittenhouse, of Philadelphia, in 1797, and is still in the same hard wood box in which it was sent out by the manufacturer.

THE flora of Montana will be shown at the World's Fair by a collection as complete as it is possible to make it. The State has about 1000 different varieties of wild flowers and of these 800 have already been collected. The exhibit will include also a display of grasses and forage plants. Many of the States are preparing similar exhibits of their flora.

THE World's Fair Commission of New South Wales has decided to send to Chicago for exhibition in the Horticultural Department of the Exposition the following typical representatives of Australian vegetation and flora: Tree ferns, staghorn ferns, birdsnest ferns, tolen ferns, macrozamias of two distinct kinds, gigantic lilies, rock lilies and grass trees.

WISCONSIN, through its World's Fair Board, has asked that May 29, 1893, be designated as "Wisconsin Day" at the Exposition. That date is the forty-fifth anniversary of the admission of the State into the Union, and it desires to celebrate it in an appropriate manner at the Fair. It is expected that each State will have a day set apart upon which to monopolize public attention as far as possible.

SOUSA'S band—the one he is now organizing for Chicago—will be a prominent participant in the World's Fair dedication exercises next October. It is Sousa's intention to draw liberally on the best musical talent in this country and abroad, in order that the new band may eclipse every other organization of the kind on this side of the Atlantic, not excepting the celebrated National Marine Band at Washington, of which he has been the head.

THE LABOR WORLD.

PIG iron has declined in prices.

TRADE is dull among machinists.

THE labor cost in a ton of wire-rod is $1.05.

ARMOUR, the Chicago packer, employs 7000 people.

WAGES have declined in 229 towns in Germany, out of 906.

THE strike of the section men on the Wabash Railway is ended.

THE Knights of Labor have at present about 9000 members in West Virginia.

WAGES are being reduced in Massachusetts on account of the new fifty-eight hour law.

THE boot and shoe manufacturers of New England are hurrying work as fast as possible.

A COTTON mill crisis is imminent in England, owing to a proposed reduction in wages.

CONVERTER MEN in the iron and steel mills of Pennsylvania are paid $4.50 to $8.50 per day.

NINE THOUSAND children in New York City make envelopes at 3½ cents per thousand.

THE lowest priced laborers employed in mills under the Amalgamated scale receive $1.50 a day.

THE National Union for the Development of Co-operative Industry has branches in the different States.

SERVANT girls are organizing in Chicago and intend to strike for more wages during the World's Fair.

WORKMEN are not allowed to work on the streets in New Bedford, Mass., unless they have been naturalized.

THE telegraph operators on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad secured an advance of five dollars per month.

THE Boilermakers' and Iron Ship Builders' National Union of Great Britain has $9,8,686.39 in its treasury.

ON Irish railways women are much employed as booking-clerks, and in Dublin tickets are given almost entirely by women.

LABOR organizations all over the country passed resolutions protesting against Sunday closing of the approaching World's Fair in Chicago.

THE capitalistic combine recently formed in San Francisco to break up the labor organizations of the Pacific Coast is said to represent at least $200,000,000.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

JAMES RILEY, a flagman at one of the railway crossings in Chatham, N. Y., shot and stabbed Thomas Kildary and then blew out his own brains. He was insane.

THE forest fires that raged in the southern part of Ocean County, New Jersey, during the dry spell caused considerable damage.

THE Socialist Labor Party in Massachusetts nominated a full State ticket, with John Orvis for Governor. The vote is estimated at from 20,000 to 30,000.

INFORMATIONS were made at Pittsburgh by ex-Private Iams against Colonel Hawkins, Lieutenant-Colonel Streator and Surgeon Grim, of the Pennsylvania militia, in connection with his recent treatment.

A CRANK has been annoying President Harrison with mysterious letters from Atlantic City, N. J.

GENERAL MICHAEL P. SMALL, United States Army, Assistant Commissary General of Subsistence for the Department of the East, died at Governor's Island a few mornings ago. He was born in Harrisburg, Penn., August 9, 1831.

FREDERICK MOLLECK, who was arrested as an accessory of Berkmann, the would-be assassin of H. C. Frick, has been discharged from custody at Pittsburg. W. J. Brennan, representing the Amalgamated Association, applied in court for the appointment of a voluntary trade tribunal to settle the Homestead trouble.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL STREATOR was arrested at his home in Washington, Penn., on the charges of aggravated assault and battery, and assault and battery preferred by Private Iams. He gave bail in the sum of $500 on each charge and was released.

South and West.

JULIUS WISE, colored, was hanged at Lexington Court House, S. C., a few days ago, for the murder of another colored man.

A SEVERE storm, amounting to a tornado, swept over Harrisonburg, Va. Houses were unroofed and trees uprooted.

EX-CONGRESSMAN KNUTE NELSON was nominated for Governor by the Minnesota Republican State Convention at St. Paul. The nomination was made by acclamation.

FIVE THOUSAND persons saw Professor Hoke, an aeronaut, fall from an altitude of 3000 feet in the Ivers Park at St. Paul Minn. He had been making ascensions for several weeks, descending by a parachute. The body went ten feet into the ground.

A MOB at Jacksboro, Tenn., lynched Andy Beshears and John Willis, who had assaulted a woman in the presence of her husband. They were made to stand on a gate until the ropes were fixed.

EX-UNITED STATES SENATOR ANTHONY KENNEDY died a few days ago, at Annapolis, Md. Senator Kennedy was born in Baltimore on December 21, 1810.

ALICE MITCHELL was taken from Memphis to the insane asylum at Bolivar, Tenn. She first expressed a desire to visit Elmwood Cemetery and view the grave of her victim, Freda Ward. Her request was granted.

CORRECT returns from the various parts of Alabama showed that the straight Democratic State ticket, headed by Thomas Jones, had been overwhelmingly elected. The returns develop the fact that the bulk of colored men voted for Jones.

ROBERT BARNES, Superintendent of the Hot Springs (Ark.) police force, committed suicide a few days ago, by taking seventy-five grains of morphine.

AT Lake Providence, La., three children of Robert Dorsey, colored, the eldest seven years, being locked up in their cabin while the parents went to church, set the place afire and were burned to death.

GENERAL SPEED S. FRY, Superintendent of the Kentucky Soldiers' Home, died, a few night ago at Louisville, in his seventy-fifth year. He served in the Mexican War and in the late war on the Union side. He became famous as the man who killed the Southern Brigadier-General, Zollicoffer, at the battle of Mill Springs, January, 1862.

THE first State Convention of the People's Party of Michigan was held at Jackson. J. W. Ewing, a farmer, residing in Grand Ledge, Eaton County, was nominated for Governor.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND people at the Chautauqua Grounds, Beatrice, Neb., listened to an address by Governor William McKinley, of Ohio.

Washington.

THE President vetoed the famous William McGarrahan bill. The bill provided for the payment of the McGarrahan claim for about $3,000,000, which had been before Congress many years.

SECRETARY NOBLE issued a public notice warning all persons now on the Colville Indian reservation, in the State of Washington, without express authority to leave the same without delay.

COLONEL CHARLES HEYWOOD, Commandant United States Marine Corps, has addressed a letter to John Philip Sousa the leader of the United States Marine Band, granting, at the latter's request, his discharge from the corps.

PRESIDENT HARRISON issued a proclamation ordering the striking miners in the Coeur d' Alene District of Idaho to disperse.

COINAGE was executed at United States mints during the month of July as follows: Gold, 85,000 pieces of the value of $1,440,000; silver, 1,042,000 pieces of the value of $559,000; minor coin, 1,900,000 pieces of the value of $19,000.

THE President signed the act limiting hours of laborers and mechanics employed on public works.

A. BARTON HEPBURN, the newly appointed Controller of the Currency, assumed the duties of that office, his official bond of $100,000 having received the approval of the Secretary and of the Solicitor of the Treasury.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL DANIEL P. WHITING, a retired officer of the Army, died at the home of his daughter in Washington at the age of eighty-four years.

REPRESENTATIVE BOATNER, Chairman of the House Special Investigating Committee, and Representative Watson, who made the charge of drunkenness against members of the House, engaged in a war of words in the Judiciary Committee, during which Mr. Boatner declared he was responsible for what he said and hoped Mr. Watson knew his address.

Foreign.

THE customs revenue of Cuba is to be farmed out by Spain to a syndicate of foreigners.

TWO closely packed drags collided in Paris, France, on the way home from the Maison Laffite races. The horses became unmanageable and threw the vehicles down an embankment into the gutter. Four men were killed, and several men and two women were severely injured.

POPE LEO XIII issued an address to the Bishops of Italy, Spain and the Americas, decreeing a religious celebration on October 12. The celebration in honor of the discovery of America by Columbus was formally begun at Cadiz, Spain.

A TORNADO caused immense damage lately in and about Valence, France. The loss in grape vines alone is enormous.

A PRISONER at Glasgow confessed to complicity in the murder of Lords Leitrim and Mountmorres, in Ireland, and of James Carey, the informer.

THE harbor of Cowes, England, was filled with warships and yachts to receive Emperor William of Germany. The Emperor was on the bridge of his yacht. When off Spithead he was given a royal salute by the warships.

AN organized band of robbers, seven in number, have been arrested and shot in Santos, State of Jalisco, for the murder of a merchant named Francisco Vallejo and his wife.

EXERCISES celebrating the four hundreth anniversary of the sailing of Columbus from the port of Palos, in Spain, were held.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S yacht, the Meteor, formerly the Thistle, was defeated through a time allowance in the race for the Queen's Cup at Cowes, England.

GENERAL LEONARDO NUILA has been completely successful in the Honduranian revolution, and ex-President Brogan has been shot, after having been imprisoned for some time in Santa Barbara. Dr. Bonilla is Provisional President, and a new Government has been organized. According to last reports the country was fairly tranquil.

UNCLE SAM APOLOGIZES.

The Unwarranted Arrest of an Attache of the Swiss Legation.

The Swiss Government has received from the United States an apology for the arrest by mistake of Mr. Georg, an attache of the Swiss Legation at Washington.

Mr. Georg was standing at a soda fountain at Bay Ridge, near Annapolis, Md., when Mrs. W. D. Borie, a Baltimore woman, missed her pocketbook and accused him with having stolen it. The arrest followed, but, as the woman was clearly in error, Mr. Georg was discharged immediately by the authorities.

WOOD ELECTROCUTED.

A Well-Conducted Execution at Clinton (N. Y.) Prison.

"Cal" Wood, of Warren County, was executed, a few days ago, at Clinton (N. Y.) Prison. He was the first to suffer electrocution at that place.

It was 11:47:40 o'clock A. M. by the stop watch of Warden Brown, of Sing Sing Prison, who acted as official timekeeper, when Wood entered the execution room escorted by Principal Keeper McKenna and two deputies. As the condemned man approached the chair he turned toward the witnesses, who were ranged in the west end of the room, and said: "I would like to make a few remarks."

Warden Thayer gave his consent, and Wood proceeded in a voice slightly husky but distinct to thank Mr. Whitman, his counsel, and the officials of the prison for their kindness to him. Wood then turned and took his seat unassisted in the chair, where he was dexterously strapped by the prison officers, while Dr. Ransom, the prison physician, quickly adjusted and secured the electrode upon the head. At the same time the leather mask covered his eyes and cut him from view and shut off the last ray of light from the eyes that four minutes later were blind forever. As the apparatus was being placed in position the wretched man continued to pray: "God remember me in heaven. God help. God help. God remember me. Lord remember. God help. God rem—" Here the white kerchief in the hands of Warden Thayer waved. All hands were off the apparatus, and simultaneously the switchboard clicked from the partition behind the chair at the touch of Electrician E. F. Davis.

There were no contortions of the body such as have been described in previous electrocutions. Only a slight expansion of the chest was discernible during the first contact. As the second contact was turned on, the hands, which lay on the arms of the chair, lifted as if by contraction of the muscles for a second, and then dropped. The two succeeding periods of contact produced no convulsive action whatever. At the close of the circuit Dr. Ransom and his assistants, Dr. W. N. Bullard, of Boston, and Dr. R. T. Irving, of Sing Sing, quickly examined the body, an operation of about ten seconds, and agreed that it was lifeless. Ten minutes later Dr. Ransom officially declared the man dead.

After a post-mortem examination the body was given over to his brother, who, with Wood's wife and cousin, was waiting on the outside for the end of the execution. It was taken to his old home in Thurman for burial.

The crime for which Wood was convicted occurred May 10, 1890, when Leander Pasco, a Warren County farmer, was found dead, with two gunshot wounds in his body. Wood had secretly married Pasco's daughter. Pasco would not forgive the marriage and refused to recognize Wood.

THE City of New Orleans has at last paid up in full its indebtedness in the celebrated Myra Clark Gaines will case. The total sum paid was $923,788, which goes to a score or more of claimants, some of whose accounts have yet to be audited. Thus ends, so far as the city is concerned as a party, the most famous litigation of the century.

AT Linden, a suburb of Hanover, Germany, some workmen jeered a passing squad of recruits, whereupon the Sergeant in charge ordered the men to charge with fixed bayonets. Many persons were severely injured.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

32 BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, 1891, choice	$2 30	@	$ —
Medium, 1891, choice	—	@	1 95
Pea, 1891, choice	1 95	@	—
White kidney, 1891, choice	2 60	@	—
Red kidney, 1891, choice	2 50	@	—
Yellow eye, 1891, choice	—	@	—
Lima, Cal., per bush	2 00	@	2 10
Green peas, 1891, per bush	1 70	@	1 75
1891, bags	1 65	@	—
1891, Scotch	—	@	—
BUTTER.			
Creamery—St., & Penn, extras	22½	@	23
St. & Penn., firsts	21	@	22
Western, firsts	21	@	22
Western, seconds	19	@	20
Western, thirds	17	@	18
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras	—	@	22
Half tubs and pails, 1sts.	20	@	21
Half tubs and pails, 2ds.	18	@	19
Welsh tubs, extras	21	@	—
Welsh tubs, 1sts	19	@	20
Welsh tubs, 2ds	17	@	18
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts.	17	@	19
W. Im. creamery, 2ds.	15½	@	16½
W. Im. creamery, 3ds	—	@	—
Western Factory, firsts	15½	@	16
W. Factory, seconds	14½	@	15
W. Factory and dairy, 3ds	13½	@	14
CHEESE.			
State factory—Full cream, large size white, fancy	8¼	@	—
Full cream, colored, fancy	9	@	9½
Full cream, good to prime	8¼	@	8½
Part skims, choice	6	@	6¾
Part skims, good to prime	4¼	@	5¼
Part skims, common	2½	@	4
Full skims	½	@	1½
EGGS.			
State and Penn—Fresh	17½	@	—
Western—Fresh, fancy	16½	@	16¾
Fresh, fair to prime	—	@	—
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—Southern, red, crate	75	@	1 00
Jersey, per bbl	1 00	@	2 50
Up River, per bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Pears, Sugar Top, per bbl	1 50	@	2 00
Catherine, near by, bbl	3 00	@	—
Bell, per bbl	1 75	@	2 25
Grapes—Western N. Y., Catawba, 5 lb basket	—	@	—
Western N. Y., Concord	—	@	—
Peaches, Md. & Del., crate	1 75	@	2 00
Huckleberries, N. J., per box	75	@	1 00
Jersey, per quart	8	@	11
Md. & Del., per quart	7	@	9
Blackberries, Md., per qt	7	@	9
Jersey, per quart	8	@	12
Gooseberries, prime green, qt	—	@	—
Raspberries, red, Jersey, pint	—	@	—
Currants, large	6	@	7
Small, per lb	6	@	6½
Watermelons, Ga., per 100	12 00	@	30 00
Muskmelons, per bbl	50	@	3 00
HOPS.			
State—1891, choice, per lb	26	@	—
1891, prime	25	@	—
1891, common to good	20	@	24
1890, common to choice	14	@	18
Old odds	7	@	10
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn.	—	@	14½
Western, per lb	—	@	14½
Spring Chickens, large, lb	—	@	—
Small to medium	13½	@	14
Roosters, old, per lb	8	@	8½
Turkeys, per lb	9	@	11
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair	65	@	1 00
Southern, per pair	50	@	60
Geese, Western, per pair	1 25	@	1 50
Southern, per pair	—	@	1 25
Pigeons, per pair	30	@	40
DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.			
Turkeys—Selected hens, lb.	—	@	—
Mixed weights	14	@	15
Toms, fair to prime	—	@	—
Chickens—Phila., broilers	—	@	—
L. I. broilers	—	@	—
Fowls—St. and Penn., per lb	13	@	13½
Western, per lb	13	@	13½
Ducks—Western, per lb	7	@	13
Eastern, per lb	19	@	20
Spring, L. I., per lb	18	@	19
Geese—Spring Eastern, per lb	18	@	19
Squabs—Dark, per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Light, per doz	2 75	@	3 00
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes—Southern, seconds	50	@	75
Norfolk, bbl	1 00	@	1 50
Eastern, shore, per bbl	1 00	@	1 50
L. I., in bulk, per bbl	1 37	@	1 62
Cabbage, L. I., per 100	2 00	@	4 00
Norfolk, per barrel	—	@	—
Onions—Eastern shore, bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Eastern shore, basket	1 12	@	1 25
Squash—marrow, per barrel	75	@	1 00
L. I., yellow, barrel	75	@	1 00
L. I., white, barrel	75	@	1 00
Peas, S. Jersey, ½ bbl, basket	—	@	—
Long Island, per bag	—	@	50
Cucumbers, Norfolk, crate	—	@	—
Jersey, per box	40	@	60
String beans, L. I., bag	60	@	75
Tomatoes, So. Jersey, crate	40	@	50
Maryland, per bu. crate	—	@	—
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 20	@	4 45
Patents	4 40	@	4 75
Wheat—No. 2 Red	—	@	83½
Rye—State	70	@	75
Barley—Two-rowed State	—	@	—
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	47	@	57½
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	87½
Mixed Western	—	@	—
Hay—Good to Choice	75	@	80
Straw—Long Rye	—	@	55
Lard—City Steam	6.75c	@	6.80c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, City dressed	6½	@	8½
Milch Cows, com. to good	20 00	@	40 00
Calves, City dressed	8	@	10
Sheep, per 100 lbs	4 00	@	5 50
Lambs, per lb	5½	@	7½
Hogs—Live, per 100 lbs	6 10	@	6 20
Dressed	8	@	8¾

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

146TH DAY.—Messrs. Carlisle, Sherman and Proctor spoke upon the tariff, consuming the entire day's session.

147TH DAY.—The Senate postponed consideration of the Anti-Option bill till next session when it will come up as unfinished business——The Senate passed a joint resolution extending the appropriations for the branches of the public service included in the Sundry Civil Appropriations bill.

148TH DAY.—Messrs. Hawley and Hiscock spoke on the results of the McKinley Tariff law——The House joint resolution extending appropriations included in the Sundry Civil bill till the following Thursday was passed.

149TH DAY.—In the absence of any other business the Senate discussed the Homestead affair with some warmth and personality.

150TH DAY.—Routine business only was transacted——The Senate Committee on the reception of the G. A. R. in September was named as follows: Messrs. Hawley, Manderson, Quay, Palmer and Vilas.

151ST DAY.—Only routine business transacted.

In the House.

169TH DAY.—Mr. Hatch, of the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the majority report on the effect of the present tariff law upon agriculture. Mr. Funston presented a report containing the views of the majority committee——Great excitement was aroused by a charge in Mr. Watson's book of drunkenness in the House——The deadlock over the World's Fair appropriation remained unbroken.

170TH DAY.—Filibustering against the World's Fair amendments to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was resumed. A quorum was not present to vote.

171ST DAY.—The provisions of the Sundry Civil bill were extended until August 4——The House passed the bill changing the date of dedication of the buildings of the World's Columbian Exposition from the 12th to the 21st of October.

172D DAY.—Filibustering over the World's Fair appropriation continued. Several propositions were submitted but not entertained, and a committee of ten members was appointed—five for and five against the appropriation—to consider the matter and report at a future meeting.

173D DAY.—The House was in session only two hours, and nothing was accomplished. Several votes were taken on dilatory motions, but no quorum appeared at any time.

174TH DAY.—The filibusters were defeated in the attempt to prevent consideration of the World's Fair Appropriation bill, and under a suspension of the rules it was decided to vote on the bill next day.

THE Northern Pacific railroad estimates that there will be 180,000 head of cattle shipped East from Idaho, Montana and Washington this season against 200,000 last.

TRAIN ROBBERS' RICH HAUL.

Dynamite Used to Splinter the Express Car.

Two Masked Men With Shotguns Do the Work Quickly.

The fifth train robbery in the San Joaquin Valley in three years occurred early a few mornings ago near the small station of Collis, fifteen miles from Fresno, Cal. There were two robbers, and their methods of procedure were precisely the same as in previous cases, except that they were not molested by any passenger.

After rapidly splintering the express car with dynamite they cleaned up about $21,000, jumped into a wagon and struck off across the plains. They selected one of the loneliest spots on the line, and showed such knowledge of the country that there is no doubt they belong near Fresno.

As the train was pulling out of Collis just after midnight the engineer and fireman were startled by the appearance of two men on the tender. The strangers were armed with shotguns, and quickly covered the trainmen, at the same time telling them to obey orders.

When the train passed Rolendo station the engineer was ordered to stop and the fireman was ordered to touch off with a lighted cigar the fuse of a dynamite cartridge which the robbers placed on the piston of the driving-wheel on the left side of the locomotive. The fireman hesitated, but under the persuasion of a shotgun touched the fuse. The explosion was terrific, breaking the piston rod and disabling the engine.

The engineer was ordered to get off and walk up the track while they proceeded to bombard the door of the express car with dynamite cartridges. About eight cartridges were used and the door was torn to splinters. Big holes were knocked in the sides of the car and the floor smashed into kindling wood. Then the pair, masked and completely disguised, entered the express car covering Louis Roberts, the messenger, with shot guns and ordered him to open the Wells Fargo safe.

Roberts set about doing this, but he was so excited and nervous that he forgot the combination. He so informed his captors, and one of them struck him a heavy blow on the head with a gun and threatened to kill him if he did not immediately open the safe. This action strengthened the messenger's memory, and with trembling hands he opened the strong box and they took out all the sacks of coin.

When the desperadoes exploded the first cartridge on the engine the passengers poked their heads out of the windows to see what was up. Their curiosity was amply satisfied when one of the robbers fired a pistol twice along the row of windows. There was a panic, and the passengers made a wild scramble under the seats.

The explosions of the bombs against the express car rocked and shook the train with the violence of an earthquake. A window in front of the passenger coach immediately behind the express car was shattered to pieces. For twenty-five minutes the train was held, but only one passenger attempted in a few to interfere with the robbers, and as he was armed only with a small revolver he soon retired.

The safe contained three bags of coin, each holding $5000. These the robbers compelled the engineer and fireman to carry to a wagon which they had hitched by the side of the track. When the coin was thrown under the seat the masked men jumped in and rode off.

RIOT IN DUQUESNE.

Carnegie Strikers Attacked Deserters With Stones and Clubs.

Strikers took to clubs and stones to prevent or delay a stampede at Duquesne, Penn. As a result several persons were beaten, and the military was placed in charge of the steel works there.

It became evident the day before that a break was imminent. A large number of the strikers had become convinced that the fight was lost and went to the mill office, where they inscribed their names in the application book. There were a number of departments out of order by reason of the sudden shutdown, and Superintendent Morrison ordered William Milesiagel, foreman of the mechanical department, to report with thirty men in the morning for work. Notice was given that night, and this spread until about sixty men, who had left the strike, hearing of it, determined to stop the work.

Twenty Homestead men started for Duquesne also about daylight to assist the ringleaders in preventing any persons entering the works. They were in charge of two brothers named Harris.

About 6 o'clock twelve deputy sheriffs, in charge of Captain Gray, were stationed at the mill gate, and a crowd began to gather. By 7 o'clock it numbered 200. About this time members of the mechanical department, in obedience to the order of Foreman Milesiagel, arrived with lunch pails. They were halted by the crowd, which was armed with clubs and boulders. Every man was ordered home with such threatening demonstrations that the majority fled in terror. The others determined to attempt an entrance. When they did so some of the mob set upon them with clubs, and, although the cooler heads tried to prevent trouble, several men were badly injured and many received slight cuts and bruises.

The nine deputy sheriffs in charge of the property were powerless to protect the workmen, and the latter hastily retreated. The deputies immediately telegraphed to Brigadier-General Wylie, at Homestead, that they were unable to preserve order, and asked that troops be sent at once to assist them.

General Wylie ordered the Sixteenth Regiment to proceed at once to the disorder, but, on learning that a regiment was not required, he sent two companies. On the arrival of this detachment of the National Guard the crowds dispersed and no further lawlessness was attempted. During the fight Foreman Milesiagel and another workman were badly cut about the head and otherwise injured. The list of those suffering from minor injuries is very large.

A DETROIT MIRACLE.

A GREAT TRIUMPH FOR CANADIAN MEDICAL SCIENCE.

PARTICULARS OF ONE OF THE MOST REMARKABLE CURES ON RECORD DESCRIBED BY THE DETROIT NEWS—A STORY WORTH A CAREFUL PERUSAL.

(Detroit News.)

The following paragraph, which appeared in the News a short time ago, furnished the basis of this information—a case that was so wonderfully remarkable that it demanded further explanation. It is of sufficient importance to the News' readers to report it to them fully. It was so important then that it attracted considerable attention at the time. The following is the paragraph in question:

"C. B. Northrop, for 38 years one of the best known merchants on Woodward avenue, who was supposed to be dying last spring of locomotor ataxia, or creeping paralysis, has secured a new lease of life and returned to work at his store. The disease has always been supposed to be incurable, but Mr. Northrop's condition is greatly improved, and it looks now as if the grave would be cheated of its prey."

Since that time Mr. Northrop has steadily improved, not only in looks, but in condition, till he has regained his old-time strength.

It had been hinted to the writer of this article, who was acquainted with Mr. Northrop, that this miraculous change had been wrought by a very simple remedy called Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. When asked about it Mr. Northrop fully verified the statement, and not only so, but he had taken pains to inform any one who was suffering in a similar manner when he heard of any such case. Mr. Northrop was enthusiastic at the result in his own case of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It was a remedy that he had heard of after he had tried everything he could hope to give him relief. He had been in the care of the best physicians who did all they could to alleviate this terrible malady, but without any avail. He had given up hope, when a friend in Lockport, N. Y., wrote him of the case of a person there who had been cured in similar circumstances by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The person cured at Lockport had obtained his information respecting Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from an article published in the Hamilton, Ont., Times. The case was called "The Hamilton Miracle" and told the story of a man in that city who, after almost incredible suffering, was pronounced by the most eminent physicians to be incurable and permanently disabled. He had spent hundreds of dollars in all sorts of treatment and appliances only to be told in the end that there was no hope for him, and that cure was impossible. The person alluded to (Mr. John Marshall, of 25 Little William St., Hamilton, Ont.,) was a member of the Royal Templars of Temperance, and after having been pronounced permanently disabled and incurable by the physicians, was paid the $1000 disability insurance provided by the order for its members in such cases. For years Mr. Marshall had been utterly helpless, and was barely able to drag himself around his house with the aid of crutches. His agonies were almost unbearable and life was a burden to him, when at last relief came. Some months after he had been paid the disability claim he heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and was induced to try them. The result was miraculous; almost from the outset an improvement was noticed, and in a few months the man whom medical experts had said was incurable, was going about the city healthier and stronger than before. Mr. Marshall was so well known in Hamilton that all the city newspapers wrote up his wonderful recovery in detail, and it was thus, as before stated, that Mr. Northrop came into possession of the information that led to his equally marvelous recovery. One could scarcely conceive a case more hopeless than that of Mr. Northrop. His injury came about in this way: One day, nearly four years ago, he stumbled and fell the complete length of a steep flight of stairs which were at the rear of his store. His head and spine were severely injured. He was picked up and taken to his home. Creeping paralysis very soon developed itself, and in spite of the most strenuous efforts of friends and physicians the terrible affliction fastened itself upon him. For nearly two years he was perfectly helpless. He could do nothing to support his strength in the least effort. He had to be wheeled about in an invalid's chair. He was weak, pale and fast sinking when his timely information came that veritably snatched his life from the jaws of death. Those who at that time saw a feeble old man wheeled into his store on an invalid's chair would not recognize the man now, so great is the change that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have wrought. When Mr. Northrop learned of the remedy that had cured Mr. Marshall in Hamilton, and the person in Lockport, he procured a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through Messrs. Bassett & L'Hommedieu, 95 Woodward avenue, and from the outset found an improvement. He faithfully adhered to the use of the remedy until now he is completely restored. Mr. Northrop declares that there can be no doubt as to Pink Pills being the cause of his restoration to health, as all other remedies and medical treatment left him in a condition rapidly going from bad to worse, until at last it was declared there was no hope for him and he was pronounced incurable. He was in this terrible condition when he began to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and they have restored him to health.

Mr. Northrop was asked what was claimed for this wonderful remedy, and replied that he understood that the proprietors claim it to be a blood builder and nerve restorer, supplying in a condensed form all the elements necessary to enrich the blood, restore shattered nerves and drive out disease. It is claimed by the proprietors that Pink Pills will cure paralysis, rheumatism, sciatica, palpitation of the heart, headache, and all diseases peculiar to females, such as nervous, dizziness, sleeplessness, loss of memory, and all diseases arising from overwork, mental worry, loss of vital force, etc.

"I want to say," said Mr. Northrop, "that I don't have much faith in patent medicines, but I cannot say too much in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The proprietors, however, claim that they are not a patent medicine in the sense in which that term is used, but a highly scientific preparation, the result of years of careful study and experiment on the part of the proprietors, and the pills were successfully used in private practice for years before being placed for general sale. Mr. Northrop declares that he is a living example that there is nothing to equal these pills as a cure for nerve diseases. On inquiry the writer found that these pills were manufactured by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., and Brockville, Ont., and that they are sold in boxes (never in bulk by the hundred), at 50 cents a box, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., from either above addresses. The price at which these pills are sold makes a course of treatment with them comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment. This case is one of the most remarkable on record, and as it is one right here in Detroit, and not a thousand miles away, it can be easily verified. Mr. Northrup is very well known to the people of Detroit, and he says he is only too glad to testify of the marvelous good wrought in his case. He says he considers it his duty to help all who are similarly afflicted by any word he can say in behalf of the wonderful efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Drugs for Emergencies.

The list of drugs that will raise the body temperature is not very extended, but many of them have powerful actions in this respect and a general knowledge of them is of value to every intelligent person. In sudden emergencies when the temperature drops far below the normal they may prove of inestimable value. The most common thing used for this purpose is alcohol when given in small doses, but the effect on the temperature is only temporary, followed generally by a reactive tendency which carries the temperature the other way. The drug that is the most powerful in this respect is belladonna, which will rapidly raise the temperature of the body. Similar to this the so-called chloride of gold, which if pushed to its highest effect will not only raise the temperature, but cause the so-called "auric fever." The body temperature is also increased quite safely by cocaine, caffeine, and compounds of drugs containing them. When administered in large doses, phosphorous will likewise cause a marked elevation in the temperature. These are really the most important agents containing this peculiar property, and they are generally the ones to be relied upon in sudden emergencies. —Yankee Blade.

THE famous Baron Tauchnitz, of Tauchnitz library fame, will shortly start a new magazine to bear his own name, the Tauchnitz Magazine. The new periodical will be of a high order, and it will give room to the work of American as well as foreign authors.

THE SANTA MARIA'S VOYAGE.

Spain